

simrad-yachting.com

Preface

Disclaimer

As Navico is continuously improving this product, we retain the right to make changes to the product at any time which may not be reflected in this version of the manual. Please contact your nearest distributor if you require any further assistance.

It is the owner's sole responsibility to install and use the equipment in a manner that will not cause accidents, personal injury or property damage. The user of this product is solely responsible for observing safe boating practices.

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Navico product references

This manual can refer to the following Navico products:

- Broadband Sounder™ (Broadband Sounder)
- DownScan Imaging™ (DownScan)
- DownScan Overlay™ (Overlay)
- ForwardScan™ (ForwardScan)
- GoFree[™] (GoFree)
- INSIGHT GENESIS® (Insight Genesis)
- StructureMap™ (StructureMap)
- StructureScan® (StructureScan)
- StructureScan® HD (StructureScan HD)

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Warranty

The warranty card is supplied as a separate document.

In case of any queries, refer to the brand website of your display or system: simrad-yachting.com.

Regulatory statements

This equipment is intended for use in international waters as well as coastal sea areas administered by the USA, and countries of the E.U. and E.E.A.

This equipment complies with:

CE under 2014/53/EU Directive

- The requirements of level 2 devices of the Radio communications (Electromagnetic Compatibility) standard 2008
- Part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions: (1) this device may not cause harmful interference, and (2) this device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.

The relevant Declaration of conformity is available on the following website: simrad-yachting.com.

About this manual

This manual is a reference guide for operating the GO5 and GO7. It assumes that all equipment is installed and configured, and that the system is ready to use.

The manual assumes that the user has basic knowledge of navigation, nautical terminology and practices.

Important text that requires special attention from the reader is emphasized as follows:

→ **Note:** Used to draw the reader's attention to a comment or some important information.

A Warning: Used when it is necessary to warn personnel that they should proceed carefully to prevent risk of injury and/or damage to equipment/personnel.

Manual version

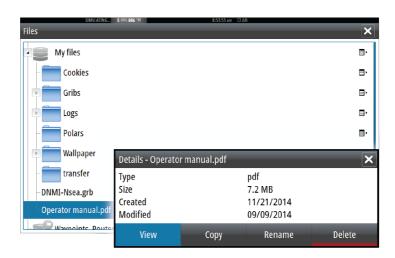
This manual is written for software version 1.0. The manual is continually updated to match new software releases. The latest available manual version can be downloaded from simradyachting.com.

Viewing the manual on the screen

The PDF viewer included in the unit makes it possible to read the manuals and other PDF files on the screen. Manuals can be downloaded from simrad-yachting.com.

The manuals can be read from a card inserted in the card reader or copied to the unit's internal memory.





Use the menu options and on-screen buttons to maneuver in the PDF file as described below:

- Search, Goto page, Page Up and Down Select the relevant panel button.
- Scroll pages
 Drag finger on the screen in any direction.
- Panning on the page
 Drag finger on the screen in any direction.
- Zoom In/Out Select the relevant panel button. Touch operation: Use pinch or spread gestures.
- Exit the PDF viewer
 Select the X in the upper right corner of the panel.

The Software version

The software version currently on this unit can be found in the About dialog. The About dialog is available in the System Settings. For information regarding upgrading your software, refer to "Software upgrades" on page 149.

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Introduction

1

HOME

The Home page

The **Home** page is accessed from any operation by selecting the **Home** button in the upper left corner of a panel.



1 Tools

Select a button to access dialogs used for carrying out a task, or for browsing stored information.

2 Applications

Select a button to display the application as a full page panel. Press and hold a button to display pre-configured split page options for the application.

3 Close button

Select to exit the Home page and return to the previous active page.

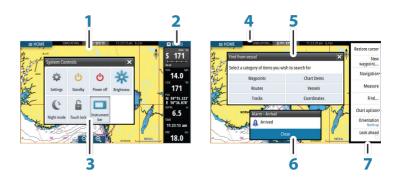
4 Favorites

Select a button to display the panel combination. Press and hold a favorite button to enter edit mode for the Favorites panel.

5 Man Over Board (MOB) button

Select to save a Man Over Board (MOB) waypoint at the current vessel position.

Application pages



Each application connected to the system is presented on panels. The application can be presented as a full page, or in combination with other panels in a multiple panel page.

All application pages are accessed from the **Home** page.

1 Application panel

2 Instrument bar

Navigation and sensor information. The bar can be turned off and it can be configured by the user.

3 System controls dialog

Quick access to basic system settings. Display the dialog by a short press on the **Power** key or by swiping down from top of the screen.

4 Status bar

5 Dialog

Information to or input from the user.

6 Alarm message

Displayed if dangerous situations or system faults occur.

7 Menu

Panel specific menu.

Display the menu by selecting the **MENU** panel button.

Split pages

You can have up to 4 panels on each page.







2 panels page

3 panels page

4 panels page

Panel sizes in a split page can be adjusted from the **System Controls** dialog.

Note: Mercury features, if enabled, do not allow split pages.

Pre-configured split pages

Each full screen application has several pre-configured split pages, featuring the selected application combined with each of the other panels.

→ **Note:** The number of pre-configured split pages cannot be changed, and the pages cannot be customized or deleted.

Access a pre-configured split page by pressing and holding the main panel button.



Favorite pages

All preconfigured favorite pages can be modified and deleted, and you can create your own. You can have a total of 12 favorite pages. For more information, refer to "Adding new favorite pages" on page 26.

Integration of 3rd party devices

Several 3rd party devices can be connected to the GO XSE. The applications are displayed on separate panels or integrated with other panels.

A device connected to the NMEA 2000 network should automatically be identified by the system. If not, enable the feature from the advanced option in the System settings dialog.

The 3rd party device is operated by using menus and dialogs as on other panels.

This manual does not include specific operation instructions for any 3rd party device. For features and functionality, refer to the documentation included with the 3rd party device.

SmartCraft VesselView integration

SmartCraft data can be displayed and interaction are enabled through the GO XSE when a VesselView 7 or VesselView 4 gateway device is present on the network.

The engine supplier icon appears on the **Home** page when a device is available.

FUSION-Link integration

FUSION-Link devices connected to the NMEA 2000 network can be controlled from the GO XSE system.

The FUSION-Link devices appear as additional sources when using the audio function. No additional icons are available.

Refer to "Audio" on page 132 for more information.



BEP CZone integration

The GO XSE integrates with BEP's CZone system used for controlling and monitoring a distributed power system on your vessel.

The CZone icon is available in the Tools panel on the **Home** page when a CZone system is available on the network.

A separate manual is provided with your CZone system. Refer to this documentation and to the GO XSE Installation manual for how to install and configure the CZone system.

CZone dashboard

When the CZone is installed and configured, an additional CZone dashboard is added to the Instruments panels.

You switch between a panel's dashboards by selecting the left and right arrow symbols or by selecting the dashboard from the menu.

Editing a CZone dashboard

You can customize a CZone dashboard by changing the data for each of the gauges. Available editing options depend on the type of gauge and which data sources that are connected to your system.

For more information, refer to "Instrument panels" on page 130.

Remote controllers

You can connect a remote controller to the network and remotely control the unit. To find out which remote controllers can be used, refer to the product web page at:

simrad-yachting.com.

A separate manual is included with the remote controller.

Basic operation



System Controls dialog

The System Controls dialog provides quick access to basic system settings. You display the dialog by making a short press on the **Power** key or by swiping down from the top of the screen.

The icons displayed on the dialog can vary. For example, the adjust splits option is only available if you are viewing a split page when you open the **System Controls** dialog.



Activating functions

Select the icon of the function you want to set or toggle on or off. For those functions that toggle on and off, a highlighted icon indicates the function is activated, as shown in the Instrument bar icon above.

Turning the system on and off



You turn the system on and off by pressing and holding the **Power** key. You can also turn the unit off from the **System Controls** dialog.

If the **Power** key is released before the shut-down is completed, the power off process is cancelled.



Standby

Standby mode

In Standby mode, the Sonar and the backlight for screen and keys are turned off to save power. The system continues to run in the background.

You select Standby mode from the **System Controls** dialog. Switch from Standby mode to normal operation by a short press on the **Power** kev.

Display illumination



Brightness

Brightness

The display backlighting can be adjusted at any time from the **System Controls** dialog.

You can also cycle the preset backlight levels by short presses on the **Power** key.

Night mode

The night mode option optimizes the color palette and backlight for low light conditions.

→ **Note:** Details on the chart may be less visible when the Night mode is selected!



Locking the touchscreen

You can temporarily lock a touchscreen to prevent accidental operation of the system. Lock the touchscreen when large amounts of water are on the screen, for example, in heavy seas and weather. This feature is also useful when cleaning the screen while the unit is turned on.

You lock the touchscreen from the **System Controls** dialog. You remove the lock function by a short press on the **Power** key.

Using menus and dialogs

Menus

You display a page menu by selecting the **MENU** button in the upper right corner of the page.

· Activate a menu item and toggle on/off an option by selecting it

- · Adjust a slide bar value by either:
 - dragging the slide bar
 - selecting the + or icons

Select the **Back** menu option to return to the previous menu level, and then exit

You can make the menu slide away by tapping the screen outside the menu area, or by pressing the **MENU** button. When you repress the **MENU** button, the menu opens in the same status it had before it closed

The status of the cursor (active vs. inactive) changes the menu options.

Dialog boxes

Numeric and alphanumeric keyboards are automatically displayed when required for entering user information in dialogs.

A dialog is closed by saving or cancelling the entry.

A dialog can also be closed by selecting the ${\bf X}$ in the dialog's upper right corner.

Selecting pages and panels

Selecting a page

- Select a full page panel by selecting the relevant application button on the **Home** page
- Select a favorite page by selecting the relevant favorite button
- Select a predefined split panel by pressing and holding the relevant application icon

Select active panel

In a multiple panel page, only one panel can be active at a time. The active panel is outlined with a border.

You can only access the page menu of an active panel.

You activate a panel by tapping it.

Creating a Man Overboard waypoint

If an emergency situation should occur, you can create a Man Overboard (MOB) waypoint at the vessel's current position by selecting the **MOB** button on the **Home** page.

When you activate the MOB function the following actions are automatically performed:

- a MOB waypoint is created at the vessel's position
- the display switches to a zoomed chart panel, centered on the vessel's position
- the system displays navigation information back to the MOB waypoint

Multiple MOB waypoints are saved by repeatedly pressing the **MOB** buttons. The vessel continues to show navigation information to the initial MOB waypoint. Navigation to subsequent MOB waypoints needs to be done manually.

Delete a MOB waypoint

- 1. Select the MOB waypoint to activate it
- Select the MOB waypoint's pop-up to display the MOB waypoint dialog
- **3.** Select the delete option in the dialog.

A MOB waypoint can also be deleted from the menu when it is activated.

Screen capture

You need to turn on the Screen capture option in the System Settings dialog to be able to take a screenshot on a touch screen. When the function is activated, you can take a screenshot on a touch screen by double-selecting the title bar of an open dialog, or by double-selecting the status bar if no dialog is open.

To view files, refer to "Files" on page 145.

Customizing your system

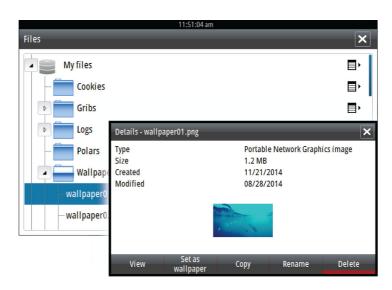
3

Customizing the Home page wallpaper

The Home page's wallpaper can be customized. You can select one of the pictures included with the system, or you can use your own picture in .jpg or .png format.

The images can be available on any location that can be seen in the files browser. When a picture is chosen as the wallpaper, it is automatically copied to the Wallpaper folder.

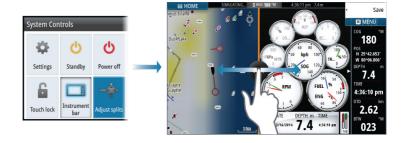




Adjusting panel size

You can change the panel size for an active split page. The panel size can be adjusted for both favorite pages and for predefined split pages.

- 1. Activate the **System Controls** dialog
- 2. Select the adjust splits option in the dialog
- 3. Adjust the panel size by dragging the adjustment icon
- **4.** Confirm your changes by tapping one of the panels or selecting the save option in the menu.



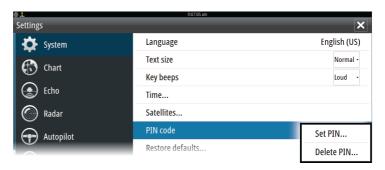
The changes are saved to the active favorite or split page.

Password protection

You can set a PIN code to prevent unauthorized access to your system settings. When you establish password protection, the PIN code must be entered when any of the following are selected. After the correct PIN code is entered, all of them can be accessed without re-entering the PIN code.

- Settings, activated from the Tools panel or System Controls dialog
- Alarms, activated from the Tools panel
- Files, activated from the Tools panel
- GoFree Shop, activated from the Tools panel
- Settings, activated from the Chart menu under Chart Options

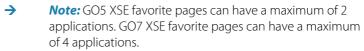
You set and remove password protection from the system Settings dialog.



Adding new favorite pages







- **3.** Change the panel arrangement (only possible for 2 or 3 panels), if required
- **4.** Save the page layout.

The system displays the new favorite page, and the new page is included in the list of favorite pages on the **Home** page.



Edit favorite pages

- 1. Select the edit icon in the Favorite panel:
 - Select the X icon on a favorite icon to remove the page
 - Select the tool icon on a favorite icon to display the page editor dialog
- 2. Add or remove panels in the page editor dialog
- **3.** Save or discard your changes to leave the favorite edit mode.



Setting the appearance of the Instrument bar

Data sources connected to the system can be viewed in the Instrument bar.

You can configure the Instrument bar to display either one or two bars. If you specify to display two bars you can set it to alternate the bars automatically. You can specify the information displayed in the instrument bars.

You can turn the Instrument bar off from the **System controls** dialog.

→ **Note:** This only turns the Instrument bar off for the current page.

Turning the Instrument bar on/off

- 1. Activate the **System controls** dialog
- Deactivate/activate the instrument bar icon to toggle the bar on and off.

Select a predefined activity bar

- 1. Activate the Instrument bar by selecting it
- 2. Select the **MENU** button to open the menu
- 3. Select **Bar 1** or **Bar 2** and then a predefined activity bar.

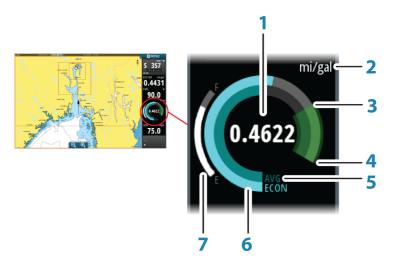
Predefined gauges are displayed in the instrument bar. You can change a gauge in the activity Instrument bar, refer to Edit the content of the Instrument bar below.

Edit the content of the Instrument bar

- 1. Activate the Instrument bar by selecting it
- 2. Select the **MENU** button to open the menu
- **3.** Select **Edit** to change an instrument gauge followed by the gauge you want to change
- **4.** Select the content you want to display from the Choose Data dialog
- **5.** Select **Menu** and then **Finish editing** to save your changes.

Fuel economy gauge

You can display a fuel economy gauge in the instrument bar on application pages (Chart, Radar, Echo, Nav, and so on). Select the predefined Fuel activity bar or change a gauge source to Fuel Economy. To change a gauge source, refer to "Setting the appearance of the Instrument bar" on page 27.



- 1 Digital readout of current economy
- 2 Fuel economy measurement units
- 3 100% efficiency, this equates to the 'nominal consumption'
- 4 120% efficiency
- **5** Average fuel economy
- 6 Instantaneous economy
- **7** Current fuel level

The fuel economy gauge displays the instantaneous versus historical average fuel efficiency. The start of the green zone represents 'Nominal Fuel Economy', and it displays an additional 20% area to allow your fuel efficiency to be displayed above the nominal fuel economy.

The more efficient you consume fuel, the more the outer blue dial creeps up towards the green portion of the scale. If you achieve the nominal efficiency of your vessel you will be at the green zone. If

you manage to achieve an efficiency better than your nominal efficiency, you will be somewhere in the upper green zone.

Nominal fuel economy can be entered in the Vessel Setup dialog displayed from the Fuel settings dialog.

You can reset your average fuel economy from the Reset Fuel Economy button on the Fuel settings dialog. When you reset it, the system starts calculating the new average.

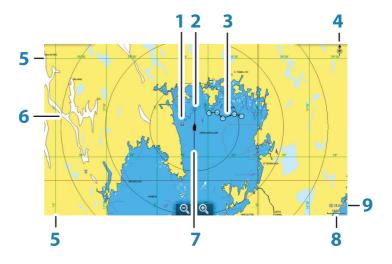
Set the measurement units for the fuel economy gauge in the Economy field in the Units settings dialog.

Charts

4

The chart function displays your vessel's position relative to land and other chart objects. On the chart panel you can plan and navigate routes, place waypoints, and display AIS targets.

The Chart panel



- 1 Waypoint*
- **2** Vessel with extension line (extension line is optional)
- 3 Route*
- 4 North indicator
- **5** Grid lines*
- 6 Range rings*
- 7 Track*
- 8 Chart range scale
- **9** Range rings interval (only displayed when Range rings are turned on)

^{*} Optional chart items. You turn the optional chart items on/off individually from the Chart settings dialog.

Chart data

The system is delivered with different embedded cartography depending on region.

All units support Insight charts from Navico including Insight Genesis. The system also supports charts from Navionics and Jeppesen as well as content created by a variety of third party mapping providers in the AT5 format. For a full selection of available charts, visit gofreeshop.com, c-map.jeppesen.com, or navionics com

- → **Note:** In this manual, all possible chart menu options are described. These options vary depending on the chart you are using.
- → **Note:** The system does not automatically switch to embedded cartography if the chart card is removed. A low-resolution chart will be displayed until you re-insert the card or manually switch back to the embedded cartography.

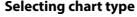
Showing dual chart types

If you have different chart types available - embedded or in the card slot - you can show two different chart types simultaneously on a page with two chart panels.

You can select a dual chart panel by pressing and holding the Chart application button on the **Home** page, or by creating a favorite page with two chart panels.







You specify the chart type in the Chart panel by selecting one of the available chart types in the chart source menu option.

If you have a multiple Chart panel, the chart type is set individually for each chart panel. Activate one of the chart panels, and then select one of the available chart types in the chart source menu option. Repeat the process for the second chart panel, and select an alternative chart type for this panel.

If you have identical charts available - built in or in the card slot - the system automatically selects the chart with most chart details for your displayed region.

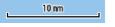
Vessel symbol

When the system has a valid GPS position lock, the vessel symbol indicates vessel position. If no GPS position is available, the vessel symbol includes a question mark.

Chart scale

You zoom in and out on the chart by using the zoom panel icons, or by using fingers to pinch (zoom out) or spread (zoom in).

Chart range scale and range rings interval (when turned on) are shown in the lower right corner of the chart panel.



Panning the chart

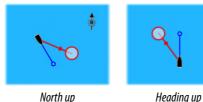
You can move the chart in any direction by dragging your finger on the screen.

Select the **Clear cursor** menu option to remove the cursor and cursor window from the panel. This also centers the chart to the vessel position.

Positioning the vessel on the chart panel

Chart orientation

Several options are available for how the chart is rotated in the panel. The chart orientation symbol in the panel's upper right corner indicates the north direction.





North up

Displays the chart with north upward.

Heading up

Displays the chart with the vessel's heading directed upward. Heading information is received from a compass. If heading is not available, then the COG from the GPS is used.

Course up

Rotates the chart in the direction of the next waypoint when navigating a route or navigating to a waypoint. If not navigating the heading up orientation is used until navigation is started.

Look ahead

Moves the vessel icon closer to the bottom of the screen so that you can maximize your view ahead.

Displaying information about chart items

When you select a chart item, a waypoint, a route, or a target, basic information for the selected item is displayed. Select the chart item's pop-up to display all available information for that item. You can also activate the detailed information dialog from the menu.

- **Note:** If you are viewing applicable Jeppesen charts on your system, you can select marine objects to display information about services and available multimedia. (photos) associated with the location or object.
- **Note:** Pop-up information has to be enabled in chart \rightarrow settings to see basic item information.



Using the cursor on the chart panel

By default, the cursor is not shown on the chart panel.

When you activate the cursor, the cursor position window is displayed. When the cursor is active, the chart does not pan or rotate to follow the vessel.

Select the **Clear cursor** menu option to remove the cursor and the cursor window from the panel. This also centers the chart to the vessel position.

Select the **Restore cursor** menu option to display the cursor in its previous location. The **Clear cursor** and **Restore cursor** options are useful features for toggling between the vessel's current location and the cursor position.

GoTo cursor

You can navigate to a selected position on the image by positioning the cursor on the panel, then using the **Goto Cursor** option in the menu.

The Cursor assist function

The cursor assist function allows for fine tuning and precision placement of the cursor without covering details with your finger.

Press and hold your finger on the screen to switch the cursor symbol to a selection circle, appearing above your finger.

Without removing your finger from the screen, drag the selection circle over the desired item to display item information.

When you remove your finger from the screen the cursor reverts to normal cursor operation.











The cursor can be used to measure the distance between your vessel and a selected position, or between 2 points on the chart panel.

- Position the cursor on the point from where you want to measure the distance. Start the measure function from the menu
 - The measuring icons appear with a line drawn from the vessel center to the cursor position, and the distance is listed in the cursor information window.
- 2. You can reposition the measuring points by dragging either icon as long as the measuring function is active
- Note: The bearing is always measured <u>from</u> the grey icon <u>to</u> the blue icon.

You can also start the measuring function without an active cursor. Both measuring icons are then initially located at the vessel position. The grey icon follows the vessel as the vessel moves, while the blue icon remains at the position given when you activated the function.

You terminate the measuring function by selecting the **Finish measuring** menu option.

Creating routes

You can create routes as follows on the chart panel.

- 1. Position the cursor on the chart panel
- 2. Select **New** followed by **New route** in the menu
- 3. Tap the chart panel to position the first routepoint
- 4. Continue positioning the remaining routepoints
- 5. Save the route by selecting the save option in the menu.

→ **Note:** For more information, refer to "Waypoints, Routes, and Tracks" on page 59.

Find objects on chart panels

You can search for other vessels or various chart items from a chart panel.

Activate the cursor on the panel to search from the cursor position. If the cursor is not active, the system searches for items from the vessel's position.



→ **Note:** You must have a SIRIUS data package subscription to search for fueling stations and an AIS receiver connected to search for vessels.

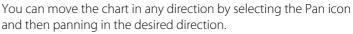
3D charts

The 3D option provides a three dimensional graphical view of land and sea contours.

Note: All chart types work in 3D mode, but without 3D cartography for the appropriate area the chart appears flat.

When the 3D chart option is selected, the Pan and the Rotate icons appear on the chart panel.

Panning the 3D chart



Select the **Return to vessel** menu option to stop panning, and to center the chart to vessel position.





Controlling the view angle

You can control the view angle by selecting the Rotate icon and then panning the chart panel.

- To change the direction you are viewing, pan horizontally
- To change the tilt angle of the view, pan vertically
- Note: When centered on the vessel position, only the tilt angle can be adjusted. The view direction is controlled by the chart orientation setting. See "Positioning the vessel on the chart panel" on page 32.

Zooming a 3D chart

You zoom in and out on a 3D chart by using the zoom (+ or -) buttons, or the touch method of pinching and spreading your fingers.

Chart overlay

Structure sonar (StructureMap) information can be displayed as overlay on your chart panel.

When an overlay is selected, the chart menu expands to include basic menu functions for the selected overlay.

For more information about the StructureMap menu functions, refer to "Structure options" on page 110.

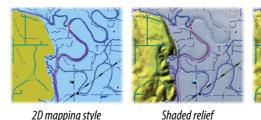
Insight charts

Insight specific chart options

Orientation, Look ahead, 3D, and change Chart source (previously described in this section) are common for all chart types.

Chart imagery style

The charts can be displayed in three imagery styles.



Insight view options

Chart detail

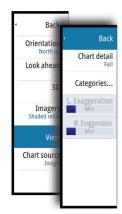
- Full
 - All available information for the chart in use.
- Medium
- Minimum information sufficient for navigation.
- Low

Basic level of information that cannot be removed, and includes information that is required in all geographic areas. It is not intended to be sufficient for safe navigation.

No contours

Insight chart categories

Insight charts include several categories and sub-categories that you can turn on/off individually depending on which information you want to see.



Restore curs

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Coordi

Measu

Chart optio

Look ahe

Find

Orientation

Look ahead

North up

3D

Imagery

Chart source



Land Exaggeration and Water Exaggeration

Graphical settings available in 3D mode only. Exaggeration is a multiplier applied to the drawn height of hills on land, and troughs in water to make them look taller or deeper.

Navionics charts

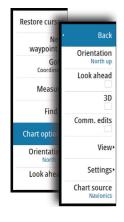
Navionics specific chart options

Orientation, Look ahead, 3D and change Chart source (previously described in this section) are common for all chart types.

Community edits

Toggles on the chart layer including Navionics edits. These are user information or edits uploaded to Navionics Community by users, and made available in Navionics charts.

For more information, refer to Navionics information included with your chart, or to Navionics website: www.navionics.com.





Navionics view options

Chart shading

Shading adds terrain information to the chart.

Navionics dynamic tide and current icons

Shows tides and currents with a gauge and an arrow instead of the diamond icons used for static tides and current information.

The tide and current data available in Navionics charts are related to a specific date and time. The system animates the arrows and/or gauges to show the tides and currents evolution over time.





Dynamic tide information

Dynamic current information

The following icons and symbology are used:



Current speed

The arrow length depends on the rate, and the symbol is rotated according to flow direction. Flow rate is shown inside the arrow symbol. The red symbol is used when current speed is increasing, and the blue symbol is used when current speed is decreasing.





Tide height

The gauge has 8 labels and is set according to absolute max/min value of the evaluated day. The red arrow is used when tide is rising, and the blue arrow is used when tide is falling.

→ **Note:** All numeric values are shown in the relevant system units (unit of measurement) set by user.

Easy View

Magnifying feature that increases the size of chart items and text.

→ **Note:** There is no indication on the chart showing that this feature is active.

Photo overlay

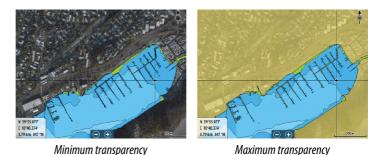
Photo overlay enables you to view satellite photo images of an area as an overlay on the chart. The availability of such photos is limited to certain regions, and cartography versions.

You can view photo overlays in either 2D or 3D modes.



Photo transparency

The Photo transparency sets the opaqueness of the photo overlay. With minimum transparency settings the chart details are almost hidden by the photo.



Navionics Fish N' Chip

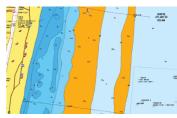
The system supports Navionics Fish N' Chip (U.S. only) chart feature. For more information, see www.navionics.com.

Depth highlight range

Select a range of depths between which Navionics fills with a different color.

This allows you to highlight a specific range of depths for fishing purposes. The range is only as accurate as the underlying chart data, meaning that if the chart only contains 5 meter intervals for contour lines, the shading is rounded to the nearest available contour line.





No Depth highlight range

Depth highlight range: 6 m - 12 m

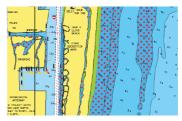
Shallow water highlight

Highlights areas of shallow water.

This allows you to highlight areas of water between 0 and the selected depth (up to 10 meters/30 feet).



No shallow water highlighted

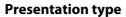


Shallow water highlight: 0 m - 3 m

Navionics chart settings

Colored seabed areas

Used for displaying different depth areas in different shades of blue.



Provides marine charting information such as symbols, colors of the navigation chart and wording for either International or U.S. presentation types.

Annotation

Back

Colored Seabed ...

Presentation Type International

Chart Details

Safety Depth

Contours Depth

Rock filter level

Annotation

Orientat

Look ahe

Comm. e

Chart sou

Determines what area information, such as names of locations and notes of areas, is available to display.

Chart details

Provides you with different levels of geographical layer information.

Safety depth

The Navionics charts use different shades of blue to distinguish between shallow and deep water.

Safety depth, based on a selected limit, is drawn without blue shading.

→ **Note:** The built in Navionics database features data down to 20 m, after which it is all white.

Contours depth

Determines which contours you see on the chart down to the selected safety depth value.

Rock filter level

Hides rock identification on the chart beneath a given depth.

This helps you to declutter charts in areas where there are many rocks located at depths well below your vessel's draught.

Jeppesen charts

All possible menu options for Jeppesen charts are described below. The Jeppesen features and menu options can vary depending on the Jeppesen charts you use.

Jeppesen tides and currents

The system can display Jeppesen tides and currents. With this information it is possible to predict the time, level, direction and strength of currents and tides. This is an important tool when considering planning and navigation of a trip.

In large zoom ranges the tides and currents are displayed as a square icon including the letter **T** (Tides) or **C** (Current). When you select one of the icons, tidal or current information for that location are displayed.

Dynamic current data can be viewed by zooming inside a 1-nautical mile zoom range. At that range, the Current icon changes to an animated dynamic icon that shows the speed and direction of the current. Dynamic icons are colored in black (greater than 6 knots), red (greater than 2 knots and less than or equal to 6 knots), yellow (greater than 1 knot and less than or equal to 2 knots) or green (equal to or less than 1 knot), depending on the current in that location.

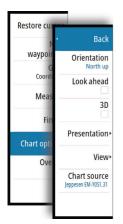
If there is no current (0 knots) this will be shown as a white, square icon.



Static Current and Tide icons



Dynamic Current icons



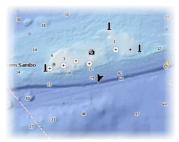
Jeppesen specific chart options

Orientation, Look ahead, 3D, and change Chart source (previously described in this section) are common for all chart types.

Presentation

The charts can be displayed in different imagery styles.

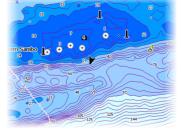




Shaded relief

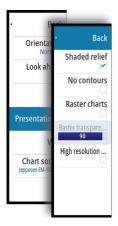
No contours





Raster imagery

High resolution bathymetry



Shaded relief

Shades seabed terrain.

No contours

Removes contour lines from the chart.

Raster charts

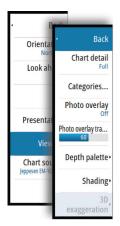
Changes the view to that of a traditional paper chart.

Raster transparency

Controls the transparency of raster imagery.

High resolution bathymetry

Enables and disables higher concentration of contour lines.



Jeppesen view options

Chart detail

- Full
- All available information for the chart in use.
- Medium
- Minimum information sufficient for navigation.
- Low

Basic level of information that cannot be removed, and includes information that is required in all geographic areas. It is not intended to be sufficient for safe navigation.

Jeppesen chart categories

Jeppesen charts include several categories and sub-categories that you can turn on/off individually depending on which information you want to see.

Photo overlay

Photo overlay enables you to view satellite photo images of an area as an overlay on the chart. The availability of such photos is limited to certain regions, and cartography versions.

You can view photo overlays in either 2D or 3D modes.



No Photo overlay

Photo overlay, land only

Full Photo overlay

Photo transparency

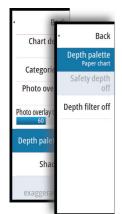
The Photo transparency sets the opaqueness of the photo overlay. With minimum transparency settings the chart details are almost hidden by the photo.





Minimum transparency

Transparency at 80



Depth palette

Controls the Depth palette used on the map.

Paper chart

Changes the appearance of the map to a paper chart style.

Safety depth

Jeppesen charts use different shades of blue to distinguish between shallow (lighter shades) and deep (darker shades) water. After enabling Safety depth, specify the desired safety depth limit. The Safety depth sets the limit at which depths will be drawn without blue shading.

Depth filter

Filters out depth values shallower than the selected depth filter limit.

Shading

Shades different areas of the seabed, depending on the selected Shading category.

Note: Composition and Vegetation shading are not applicable to Jeppesen charts.

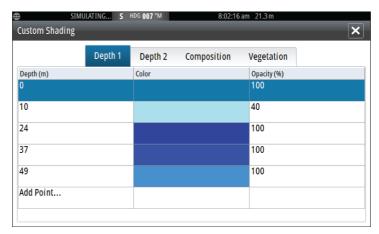


Depth 1 and Depth 2

Depth presets that shade different depths in different colors.

Custom

You can adjust the depth threshold, color and opacity (transparency) of color shading for Depth 1 and Depth 2.



3D exaggeration

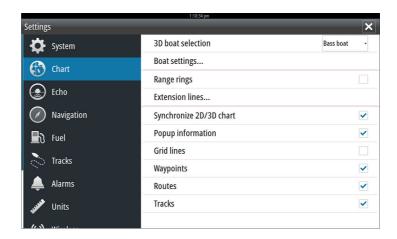
Graphical settings that are available in 3D mode only. Exaggeration is a multiplier applied to the drawn height of hills on land, and troughs in water to make them look taller or deeper.

→ **Note:** This option is grayed out if the data is not available in the map card inserted.



Chart settings

Settings and display options made in the Chart settings page are common for all chart panels.



3D boat selection

Determines which icon to use on 3D charts

Boat settings

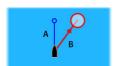
The boat settings are used when calculating an automatic route. The boat's draught, width and height must be input to use the autorouting and easy routing features.

Range Rings

The range rings can be used to present the distance from your vessel to other chart objects.

The range scale is set automatically by the system to suit the chart scale.

Extension lines



A: Heading

B: Course Over Ground (COG)

The lengths of the extension lines are either set as a fixed distance, or to indicate the distance the vessel moves in the selected time

period. If no options are turned on for the vessel then no extension lines are shown for your vessel.

Your vessel heading is based on information from the active heading sensor and the COG is based on information from the active GPS sensor.



Synchronize 2D/3D chart

Links the position shown on one chart with the position shown on the other chart when a 2D and a 3D chart are shown side by side.

Pop-up information

Selects whether basic information for chart items is displayed when you select the item.

Grid lines

Turns on/off viewing of longitude and latitude grid lines on the chart.

Waypoints, Routes, Tracks

Turns on/off displaying of these items on chart panels. Also opens the Waypoints, Routes and Tracks dialogs you can use to manage them.

Waypoints, Routes, and Tracks

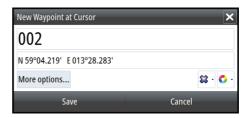


Waypoints

A waypoint is a user generated mark positioned on a chart, or on the Echosounder image. Each waypoint has an exact position with latitude and longitude coordinates. A waypoint positioned on the Echosounder image has a depth value, in addition to position information. A waypoint is used to mark a position you later may want to return to. Two or more waypoints can also be combined to create a route.

Saving waypoints

You can save a waypoint at a selected location by positioning the cursor on the panel, and then selecting the new waypoint option in the menu.



In the Chart and Nav panels, you can save a waypoint at the vessel position, when the cursor is not active, by selecting the new waypoint option in the menu.

Moving a waypoint



- 1. Select the waypoint you want to move. The waypoint icon expands to indicate that it is active.
- 2. Activate the menu and select the waypoint in the menu
- 3. Select the move option
- **4.** Select the new waypoint position
- 5. Select Finish in the menu.

The waypoint is now automatically saved at the new position.

Edit a waypoint

You can edit all information about a waypoint from the **Edit Waypoint** dialog.

This dialog is activated by selecting the waypoint's pop-up, or from the menu when the waypoint is activated.

The dialog can also be accessed from the Waypoints tool on the **Home** page.



Delete a waypoint

You can delete a waypoint from the **Edit Waypoint** dialog or by selecting the **Delete** menu option when the waypoint is activated.

You can also delete waypoints from the Waypoints tool on the **Home** page.

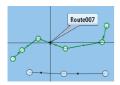
You can delete MOB waypoints the same way.

Waypoint alarm settings

You can set an alarm radius for each individual waypoint you create. The alarm is set in the **Edit Waypoint** dialog.

→ **Note:** The waypoint radius alarm must be toggled ON in the alarm dialog to activate an alarm when your vessel comes within the defined radius. For more information, refer to "Alarms dialog" on page 142.

Routes



A route consists of a series of routepoints entered in the order that you want to navigate them.

When you select a route on the chart panel it turns green, and the route name is displayed.

The system includes support for Navionics Autorouting and Jeppesen Easy Routing. This feature automatically suggests routepoints between the first and last routepoint of a route, or between selected routepoints in a complex route. You can use the feature when you create a new route, or you can use it to edit already saved routes.

Creating a new route on the chart panel

- 1. Activate the cursor on the chart panel
- 2. Select the new route option from the menu
- 3. Position the first waypoint on the chart panel
- **4.** Continue positioning new routepoints on the chart panel until the route is completed
- **5.** Save the route by selecting the save option in the menu.

Edit a route from the chart panel

- 1. Select the route to make it active
- 2. Select the route edit option in the menu
- **3.** Position the new routepoint on the chart panel:
 - If you set the new routepoint on a leg, a new point is added between existing routepoints
 - If you set the new routepoint outside the route, the new routepoint is added after the last point in the route
- **4.** Drag a routepoint to move it to a new position
- **5.** Save the route by selecting the save option in the menu.
- → **Note:** The menu changes depending on the selected edit option. All edits are confirmed or cancelled from the menu.

Delete a route

You can delete a route by selecting the **Delete** menu option when the route is activated. You can also delete routes from the Routes tool on the **Home** page.

Autorouting and Easy Routing

The Autorouting and Easy Routing suggest new routepoint positions based on information in the map and on your boat's size. Before you can start using this feature the boat draught, width and height must be entered into the system. The boat settings dialog is automatically displayed if the information is missing when you start the feature.

- Note: Units designed for sale in the U.S. region do not have Autorouting or Easy Routing capabilities. Autorouting or Easy Routing features are disabled on all non-U.S. units when they are used in U.S. territorial waters.
- Note: It is not possible to start the Autorouting or Easy Routing if one of the selected routepoints is located in an unsafe area. A warning dialog is displayed, and you have to move the relevant routepoint(s) to a safe area to proceed.
- Note: If no compatible cartography is available, the Autorouting or Easy Routing menu option is not available. Compatible cartography includes Jeppesen CMAP MAX-N +, Navionics+ and Navionics Platinum. For a full selection of available charts please visit insightstore.navico.com, cmap.jeppesen.com or navionics.com.
- 1. Position at least two routepoints on a new route, or open an existing route for editing.
- 2. Select Autorouting, followed by:
 - **Entire Route** if you want the system to add new routepoints between the first and the last routepoint of the open route.
 - Selection if you want to manually select the routepoints that define the limits for the autorouting, then select the relevant routepoints. Selected routepoints are colored red. Only two routepoints can be selected, and the system discards any routepoints between your selected start and end points.
- **3.** Select **Accept** to start the automatic routing.
 - When the automatic routing is completed the route appears in preview mode, and the legs are color coded to indicate safe or unsafe areas. Navionics uses red (unsafe) and green (safe), while C-MAP uses red (unsafe), yellow (dangerous) and green (safe).
- **4.** Move any routepoints if required when the route is in preview mode.

- **5.** Select **Keep** to accept the routepoints positions.
- **6.** Eventually repeat step 2 (**Selection**) and step 3 if you want the system to automatically position routepoints for other parts of the route.
- Select Save to complete the automatic routing and save the route.

Autorouting and Easy Routing examples

• **Entire route** option used when first and last route points are selected.



First and last routepoint



Result after automatic routing

• **Selection** option used for autorouting part of a route.



Two routepoints selected



Result after automatic routing



Creating routes using existing waypoints

You can create a new route by combining existing waypoints from the **Routes** dialog. The dialog is activated by using the **Routes** tool on the **Home** page.



Converting Tracks to Routes

You can convert a track to a route from the Edit Track dialog. The dialog is activated by activating the track, then selecting the track's pop-up, or by selecting the info option from the menu.

The Edit Tracks dialog can also be accessed by selecting the Tracks tool on the **Home** page.



The Edit Route dialog

You can add and remove routepoints from the **Edit Route** dialog. This dialog is activated by selecting an active route's pop-up or from the menu.

The dialog can also be accessed by using the **Routes** tool on the **Home** page.



Tracks



Tracks are a graphical presentation of the historical path of the vessel, allowing you to retrace where you have travelled. Tracks can be converted to routes from the **Edit** dialog.

From the factory, the system is set to automatically track and draw the vessel's movement on the chart panel. The system continues to record the Tracks until the length reaches the maximum points, and then automatically begins overwriting the oldest points.

The automatic tracking function can be turned off from the Tracks dialog.

Creating new Tracks

You can start a new track from the **Tracks** dialog, activated by using the **Tracks** tool on the Home page.

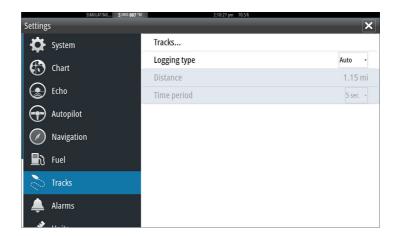
Tracks settings

Tracks are made up of a series of points connected by line segments whose length depends on the frequency of the recording.

You can select to position track points based on time settings, distance, or by letting the system position a waypoint automatically when a course change is registered.

→ **Note:** The Tracks option must also be turned ON in the chart settings to be visible.

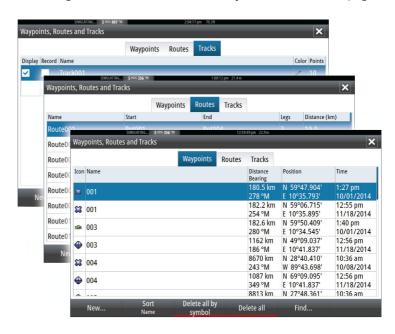




Waypoints, Routes, and Tracks dialogs

The Waypoints, Routes, and Tracks dialogs give access to advanced edit functions and settings for these items.

The dialogs are accessed from the **Tools panel** on the **Home** page.



Navigating



The navigation function included in the system allows you to navigate to the cursor position, to a waypoint, or along a predefined route

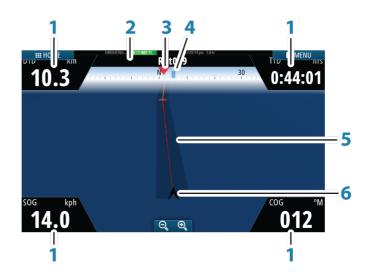
If autopilot functionality is included in your system, the autopilot can be set to automatically navigate the vessel.

For information about positioning waypoints and creating routes, refer to "Waypoints, Routes, and Tracks" on page 51.

Navigation panels

The Nav panels can be used to display information when you are navigating.

The Nav panel



The Nav panel is activated from the Home page, either as a full page panel or as part of a multiple panel page.

- 1 Data fields
- 2 Route information
- 3 Vessel heading

4 Bearing to next routepoint

5 Bearing line with allowed off course limit

When travelling on a route the bearing line shows the intended course from one waypoint towards the next. When navigating towards a waypoint (cursor position, MOB or an entered lat/lon position), the bearing line shows the intended course from the point at which navigation was started towards the waypoint.

6 Vessel symbol

Indicates distance and bearing relative to the intended course.

If the XTE (Cross Track Error) exceeds the defined XTE limit, this is indicated with a red arrow including the distance from the track line. Refer to "XTE limit" on page 63.

Edit data fields

To change the data fields displayed on the Navigation panels:

- 1. Activate the menu
- 2. Select the edit option from the menu
- 3. Activate the field you want to edit
- 4. Select the information type
- **5.** Save your changes.

Navigate to cursor position

You can start navigating to a cursor position on any chart, or Echosounder panel.

Position the cursor at the selected destination on the panel, and then select the **Goto Cursor** option in the menu.

→ **Note:** The **Goto Cursor** menu option is not available if you are already navigating.

Navigate a route

You can start navigating a route from the chart panel or from the **Route** dialog.

When route navigation is started, the menu expands and shows options for canceling the navigation, for skipping a waypoint, and for restarting the route from current vessel position.



Navigating with the autopilot

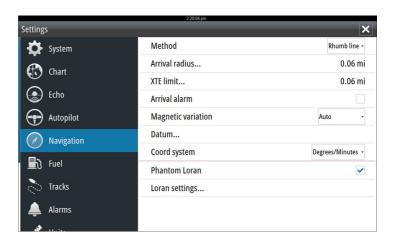
When you start navigation on a system with autopilot functionality, you are prompted to set the autopilot to navigation mode.

If you choose not to engage the autopilot, the autopilot can be set to navigation mode from the Autopilot Controller later on.

For more information about autopilot functionality, refer to "Autopilot" on page 71.

Navigation settings





Navigation method

Different methods are available for calculating the distance and bearing between any two points on a chart.

The Great circle route is the shortest path between two points. However, if you are to travel along such a route, it would be difficult to steer manually as the heading would constantly be changing (except in the case of due north, south, or along the equator).

Rhumb lines are tracks of constant bearing. It is possible to travel between two locations using Rhumb line computation, but the distance would usually be greater than if Great circle is used.

Arrival radius

Sets an invisible circle around the destination waypoint.

The vessel is considered arrived at the waypoint when it is within this radius.

XTE limit

This setting defines how far the vessel can deviate from the selected route, if the vessel goes beyond this limit, an alarm is activated.

Arrival alarm

When the arrival alarm is enabled, an alarm is activated when the vessel reaches the waypoint or when it is within the specified arrival radius.

Magnetic variation

Magnetic variation is the difference between true bearings and magnetic bearings, caused by different locations of the Geographic and the Magnetic north poles. Any local anomalies such as iron deposits might also affect the magnetic bearings.

When set to Auto, the system automatically converts magnetic north to true north. Select manual mode if you need to enter your own local magnetic variation.

Datum

Most paper charts are made in the WGS84 format, which also is used by the GO XSE.

If your paper charts are in a different format, you can change the datum settings accordingly to match your paper charts.

Coordinate system

Several coordinate systems can be used to control the format for latitude and longitude coordinates displayed on the chart panel.

Phantom Loran

Enables use of Phantom Loran positioning system.

Loran settings

Defines Loran chains (GRI) and preferred station for waypoint entry, cursor position and position panel.

The graphic example shows a cursor position window with Loran position information.

N 25°44.044' W 80°08.285' 43132.70 7980 62156.66 0.30 nm, 254 °M For more information refer to your Loran system documentation.

TripIntel

TripIntel lets you store and recall information on trips. You can use the information to make informed decisions prior to commencing a trip, or when a trip is underway.

→ **Note:** For best results, it is recommended to run software version 2.4.0 or newer in your EP-85R Storage Device.

Select the TripIntel button on the Tool panel to display the TripIntel page.





Current trip statistics

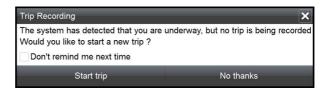
The Information tab on the TripIntel page shows current trip statistics:

- Distance traveled
- Time traveled
- Average speed
- Maximum speed
- Fuel economy
- Fuel used

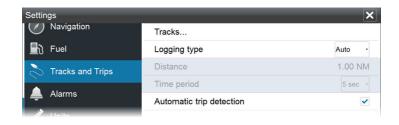
Automatic trip recording

There is an automatic trip detection feature. When you start navigating you are prompted to start recording the trip if no trip is

currently underway and your speed has been more than 2 knots for 20 seconds. You will be prompted to continue a trip or start a new trip if the trip was not explicitly saved before a power off.



You can manually start the recording later from the TripIntel page. You can turn off the automatic trip detection feature from the Tracks and Trip settings dialog.



Start and stop trip recordings

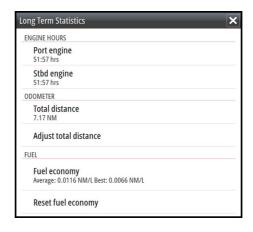
If you have selected to not start recording a trip from the automatic trip detection prompt, you can manually start a recording from the TripIntel page.

The **Start** and **Stop** trip options let you specify a trip recording. You can use them to segment a single passage into multiple trips providing a finer level of control of the information that is logged for a journey.

Long-term statistics

Long term statistics

Select Long Term Statistics to view seasonal trip information such as engine running hours, total distance traveled, and fuel economy.



Adjust total distance

Select the Adjust total distance button to change the Total distance. Use this option if you have not recorded a trip or part of a trip that you have taken and want to include the distance in the Total distance statistic.

Reset fuel economy

Select **Reset fuel economy** to reset the fuel economy in the Fuel economy gauge on the Instrument bar.

Estimated fuel range ring

The Estimated fuel range ring on the TripIntel page represents the estimated total distance that the boat can travel based on historical consumption, and the amount of fuel left in the tanks.

- > **Note:** The Estimated fuel range ring represents fuel consumption on a one way trip only, it does not include fuel estimates for the return trip to your current location. It represents the distance in which your boat will completely run out of fuel.
- → **Note:** The Estimated fuel range ring is calculated from the Vessel Fuel Remaining only, not level sensors. When recording your refueling, you must 'Set to full' or 'Add fuel' for the range ring to be accurate.

Fuel gauge

The Fuel Gauge on the TripIntel page, and on the economy gauge is displayed based on the setting in the Vessel Setup page. You must select the Fuel Remaining measurement type.

- Fuel consumed by engine(s)
- Fuel tank level sensor(s)
- → **Note:** This is only for the TripIntel page and the economy graph.

Record your refueling



Select the Fuel button to record the amount of your refuel. The refuel information is used for calculating the Vessel Fuel Remaining amount.

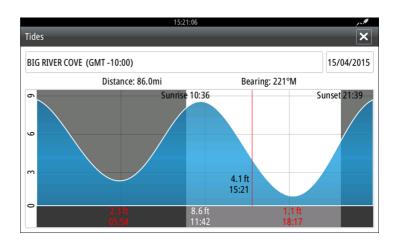
Tide gauge

The Tide gauge on the TripIntel page shows the tide height at the selected tide station.

Tide graphs and stations

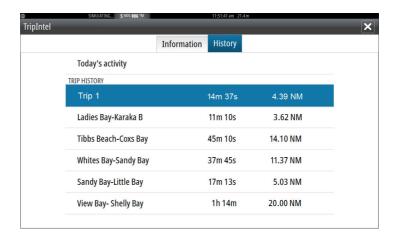


Tide stations on Chart cards provide tide information. Select the Tide button to view tide graphs and specify which Tide station provides tide information. If no tide station is chosen, tide information from the nearest tide station is used.



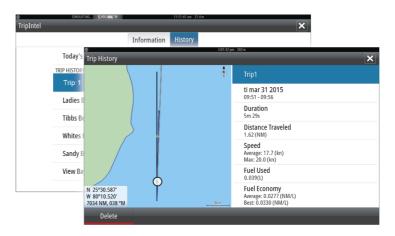
View trip recordings

Recorded trips are listed in the History tab on the TripIntel page. To view detailed trip information select a trip in the list.



Change trip recording names

Trips are given generic names when they are created. You can change the trip name to a more meaningful one by selecting it on the History list and then select the name in the Trip History details dialog. This opens the Trip name dialog where you can change the trip name.



8

Autopilot

If an AC12N, AC42N, SG05 or a NAC-1 autopilot computer is connected to the system, autopilot functionality is available in the system.

The system does not allow for more than one autopilot computer on the network.

The display unit automatically detects the autopilot computer available on the network and presents settings, configuration and user options for the connected computer.

An Autopilot is designed to maintain an accurate course in various sea conditions with minimal helm movements.

Safe operation with the autopilot

A Warning: An autopilot is a useful navigational aid, but DOES NOT replace a human navigator.

▲ Warning: A physical standby button should be available for the autopilot. The NAC-1 comes with a standby button, compatible remote controllers with a standby button can be used with the other autopilot computers.



Activating the autopilot

You activate the autopilot from any panel by selecting the autopilot tile in the Instrument bar, followed by selecting a mode in the **Autopilot Controller**.

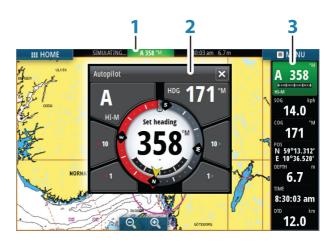
Switching from automatic mode to manual steering

You switch the autopilot to STBY mode from any automatic operation mode from the autopilot pop-up or the physical standby button.

→ **Note:** If the unit is connected to an EVC system via the SG05, you can take manual control of the steering

regardless of the autopilot mode. Refer to "Using the autopilot in an EVC system" on page 85.

Autopilot indication on the pages



- **1** Autopilot indication in Status bar
- **2** Autopilot pop-up
- **3** Autopilot tile in Instrument bar

Autopilot mode indication in the Status bar

S HDG 007 °M

The Status bar shows autopilot information as long as an autopilot computer is connected to the network.

lcons are included if the autopilot is passive or locked by another autopilot control unit.

Autopilot pop up

You control the autopilot from the autopilot pop-up.

The pop-up has a fixed position on the page, and it is available for all pages except when an Autopilot panel is active.

As long as the autopilot pop-up is active, you cannot operate the background panel or its menu.

You remove the pop-up from a page by selecting the **X** in the upper right corner. You turn it on again by selecting the autopilot tile in the instrument bar.

The following pop-ups are available:

- **Autopilot controller**, showing active mode, heading, rudder and various steering information depending on active autopilot mode. Manual adjustments to the set heading can only be made when the port and starboard arrow indicators are illuminated red and green.
- **Mode selection**, includes access to turn pattern selection.
- Turn pattern selection









Autopilot controller

Mode selection

Turn pattern selection

Autopilot tile in Instrument bar

You can select to show the autopilot tile in the Instrument bar. If the autopilot pop-up is turned off you can turn it on by selecting the tile in the Instrument bar.

The Autopilot panel

The autopilot panel is used to display navigation data. It can be shown as a full screen panel, or in a multi-panel page.

The number of data fields included in the autopilot panel is dependent on available panel size.







Data fields

The following abbreviations are used in the autopilot panel:

CTS Course to steer

DTD Distance to destination

DTW Distance to next waypoint

SOG Speed over ground COG Course over ground

XTE Cross track error (L: left or R: right)

Mode overview

The autopilot has several steering modes. The number of modes and features within the mode depend on boat type and available inputs, as shown in the following list:

Standby

Standby mode used when manually steering at the helm. Compass and rudder angle is shown on the display.

NFU

Non-Follow Up steering where the rudder movement is controlled by using the Port and Starboard keys in the Pilot popup, or by another NFU unit.

FU

Follow-up steering where the rudder angle is set by another FU unit.

AUTO

Automatic steering where the set heading is maintained.

Heading capture

Aborts the turn and uses the instantaneous compass reading as set heading.

- Turn patterns

Moves the vessel automatically in pre-defined turn steering patterns.

Tacking

Only available if the boat type is set to Sail in the Autopilot Commissioning dialog, and not available for NAC-1 autopilot computers.

Tacking with a fixed angle.

NoDrift

Automatic steering, keeping the vessel on a straight bearing line by compensating for drift.

Dodging

Returns to NoDrift mode after a heading change.

NAV

Navigation steering. Steers the vessel to a specific waypoint or through a route.

WIND

Only available if the boat type is set to Sail in the Autopilot Commissioning dialog, and not available for NAC-1 autopilot computers.

Automatic steering where the vessel heading is changed to maintain a set wind angle.

- Tacking/Gybing

Only available if the boat type is set to Sail in the Autopilot Commissioning dialog, and not available for NAC-1 autopilot computers.

Tacking/Gybing with apparent or true wing angle as reference.

WIND Nav

Only available if the boat type is set to Sail in the Autopilot Commissioning dialog, and not available for NAC-1 autopilot computers.

Automatic steering, using both wind and GPS data to steer the vessel to a specific waypoint or through a route.

Standby mode

Standby (STBY) mode is used when you steer the boat at the helm.

 Switch the autopilot to STBY mode from any operation by selecting the STBY mode button in the autopilot pop-up.

Non-Follow Up (NFU, Power steering)

In NFU mode you use the port and starboard arrow buttons in the autopilot pop-up to control the rudder. The rudder will move as long as the button is pressed.

• Activate NFU mode by selecting the port or starboard arrow button in the pop-up when the autopilot is in STBY or FU mode.

You return to STBY mode by selecting the STBY mode button in the autopilot pop-up.

Follow-up steering (FU)

Note: FU mode is only available if you have an OP40 or similar included in the system. The GO XSE does not have a rotary knob.

In FU mode you use the rotary knob to control the rudder angle. Press the rotary knob, then turn the knob to set the rudder angle. The rudder moves to the commanded angle and then stop.

- You select FU mode from the autopilot pop-up
- Note: If the autopilot pop-up is closed or if an alarm dialog is activated on the unit controlling the autopilot in FU mode, the autopilot automatically changes to STBY mode.

A Warning: While in FU mode you cannot take manual control of the wheel.

AUTO mode (auto compass)

In AUTO mode the autopilot issues rudder commands required to steer the vessel automatically on a set heading.

 You select AUTO mode from the autopilot pop-up. When the mode is activated, the autopilot selects the current boat heading as the set heading.

Changing set heading in AUTO mode

You adjust the set heading by using the Port and Starboard arrow buttons in the autopilot pop-up, or by selecting the Heading tile in the autopilot pop-up and then entering the desired heading value.

An immediate heading change takes place. The new heading is maintained until a new heading is set.

Heading capture

When the vessel is turning in AUTO mode, an instant reset of the mode activates the heading capture function. This automatically cancels the turn, and the vessel continues on the heading read from the compass the very moment you re-activated the mode.

Tacking in AUTO mode

→ **Note:** The tack function is only available when the system is set up for boat type SAIL in the Autopilot Commissioning dialog.



Tacking should only be performed into the wind and must be tried out in calm sea conditions with light wind to find out how it works on your boat. Due to a wide range of boat characteristics (from cruising to racing boats) the performance of the tack function may vary from boat to boat.

Tacking in AUTO mode is different from tacking in WIND mode. In AUTO mode the tack angle is fixed and as defined by the user. For more details, refer to "Tacking in WIND mode" on page 80.

You initiate the tack function from AUTO mode.

When tacking direction is selected the autopilot changes the current set course according to the set fixed tacking angle.

You can interrupt the tack operation as long as the tack dialog is open by selecting the opposite tacking direction. When interrupted the boat returns to the previous set heading.

NoDrift mode

NoDrift mode combines the autopilot and the positioning information from the GPS.

In NoDrift mode the vessel is steered along a calculated track line in a direction set by the user. If the vessel's heading is drifting away from the original heading due to current and/or wind, the vessel follows the line with a crab angle.

- 1. Turn the vessel to the desired heading
- 2. Activate the NoDrift mode. The autopilot draws an invisible bearing line based on current heading from the boat's position

Unlike in AUTO (compass) mode, the autopilot now uses the position information to calculate the cross track error, and automatically keeps your track straight.

You use the port/starboard arrow panel buttons in the autopilot pop-up to reset the bearing line while in NoDrift mode.

Dodging

If you need to avoid an obstacle when using NoDrift mode, you can set the autopilot to STBY and power steer or use the helm until the obstacle is passed.

If you return to NoDrift mode within 60 seconds you can select to continue on previous set bearing line.

If you do not respond, the dialog disappears and the autopilot goes to NoDrift mode with current heading as set bearing line.

NAV mode

A Warning: **NAV** mode should only be used in open waters.

You can use the autopilot to automatically steer the boat to a specific waypoint location, or along a pre-defined route. The position information from the GPS is used to change the course to steer to keep the boat on the track line and to the destination waypoint.

→ **Note:** To obtain satisfactory navigation steering, the GO XSE must have valid position input. Autosteering must be tested and determined satisfactory prior to entering the NAV mode

Start automatic navigating

When you start navigating a route or to a waypoint from the chart panel, you are prompted to set the autopilot to NAV mode. If you reject this request, you can start NAV mode from the autopilot mode menu.

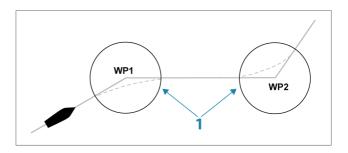
When NAV mode is initiated, the autopilot automatically keeps the vessel on the leg.

When the vessel reaches the arrival circle for a routepoint, the autopilot gives an audible warning and displays a dialog with the new course information. If the required course change to the next waypoint is less than the Navigation change limit, the autopilot automatically changes the course. If the required course change to next waypoint in a route is more than the set limit, you are prompted to verify that the upcoming course change is acceptable.

→ **Note:** For information about navigation settings, refer to "Navigation settings" on page 62.

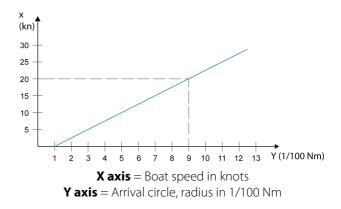
Waypoint arrival circle

The Arrival radius defines the point at which a turn is initiated when you are navigating a route.



The arrival circle (1) should be adjusted according to boat speed. The higher the speed, the wider the circle. The intention is to make the autopilot start the heading change in due time to make a smooth turn onto the next leg.

The figure below may be used to select the appropriate waypoint circle when creating the route.



Example: With the speed of 20 knots you should use a waypoint circle with radius 0.09 Nm.

Note: The distance between any waypoints in a route must not be smaller than the radius of the waypoint arrival circle.

WIND mode

→ **Note:** The WIND mode is only available if the system has been set up for sailboat in the Autopilot Commissioning dialog. This mode is not available for NAC-1 autopilot computers.

Before the WIND mode is started it must be verified that valid input from wind transducer is available.

Initiate wind steering as follows;

- 1. Switch the Autopilot to AUTO mode
- 2. Adjust the boat heading until wind angle is according to the angle you want to maintain
- **3.** Select the mode indication in the autopilot controller to activate the autopilot menu, and select WIND mode

The set course to steer (CTS) and set wind angle are entered from the compass heading and the wind transducer at the moment the WIND mode is selected. From that point the autopilot changes the course to maintain the wind angle as the wind direction may change.

Tacking in WIND mode

→ **Note:** The tack function is only available when the system is set up for boat type SAIL in the Autopilot Commissioning dialog and is not available for NAC-1 autopilot computers

Tacking should only be performed into the wind and must be tried out in calm sea conditions with light wind to find out how it works on your boat. Due to a wide range of boat characteristics (from cruising to racing boats) the performance of the tack function may vary from boat to boat.

Tacking in WIND mode as compared to AUTO mode is performed when sailing with apparent or true wind as the reference. The true wind angle should be less than 90 degrees.

The rate of turn during the tack will be given by the Tack time defined in the sailing parameter setup. The tack time is also controlled by the speed of the boat to prevent loss of speed during a tack

You can initiate the tack function from WIND mode



When you initiate the tacking, the autopilot immediately mirrors the set wind angle to the opposite side of the bow.

You can interrupt the tack operation as long as the tack dialog is open by selecting the opposite tacking direction. When interrupted, the boat returns to the previous set heading.

Gybing

Gybing is possible when the true wind angle is larger than 120°.

The time to make a gybe is determined by the speed of the boat to make it as quick as possible within control.

Tack and gybe prevent

You should use the autopilot with care when beating and running. If the sails are unbalanced when beating, yaw forces from the sails can drive the boat into the wind. If the boat is driven beyond the set minimum wind angle, the thrust from the sails suddenly disappears and reduces the boat speed. The boat becomes more difficult to steer as the rudder becomes less effective.

The tack prevent function in WIND mode has been implemented to avoid such situations. It reacts immediately when the apparent wind angle becomes 5° less than the set minimum wind angle, and more rudder is commanded.

When running, it is difficult to steer the boat with waves coming sideways or from behind. The waves can yaw the boat into an unwanted gybe; this can be hazardous for both the crew and the mast.

The gybe prevent function is activated when the actual apparent wind angle becomes greater than 175° or gets opposite to the set wind angle. More rudder is commanded to prevent an unwanted gybe.

The tack and gybe prevent functions are not a guarantee against getting into a hazardous situation. If the effect of the rudder and/or drive unit is not adequate, a dangerous situation may occur. Pay particular attention in such situations.

WIND Nav mode

Note: The WIND Nav mode is only available if the system has been set up for sailboat in the Autopilot Commissioning dialog. This mode is not available for NAC-1 autopilot computers. In WIND Nav mode the autopilot steers the boat given both wind and position data.

In this mode the autopilot calculates the initial course change needed to navigate towards the active waypoint, but the pilot also utilizes the current wind direction in the calculation.

Turn pattern steering

The autopilot includes a number of automatic turn steering features when the autopilot is in AUTO mode.



FU

Autopilot

ND

Note: The turn steering option is not be available if the boat type is set to SAIL in the Autopilot Commissioning dialog, instead the tack/gybe feature is implemented.

Initiating a turn

You start the turn by selecting the relevant turn icon, followed by selecting the port or starboard options in the turn dialog to select the turn direction.

Stopping the turn

You can stop the turn from within the turn dialog.

At any time during a turn you can select **Autopilot standby** in the System Controls dialog to return to STBY mode and manual steering.

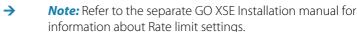
Turn variables

The turn steering options, except the C-turn, have settings that you can adjust before you start a turn and at any time when the boat is in a turn.

U-turn

U-Turn changes the current set heading to be 180° in the opposite direction.

The turn rate is identical to Rate limit settings. This cannot be changed during the turn.



C-turn

Steers the vessel in a circle.

You can adjust the Rate of turn from the turn dialog before the turn is initiated and during the turn. Increasing the turn rate makes the vessel turn a smaller circle.

Spiral turn

Spiral-turn makes the vessel turn in a spiral with a decreasing or increasing radius. You set the initial radius before the turn is initiated, and the change per turn during the turn. If the change per turn is set to zero, the vessel turns in a circle. Negative values indicate decreasing radius while positive values indicate increasing radius

Zigzag turns

Steers the vessel in a zigzag pattern.

For navigating in a zigzag pattern, you set the initial heading change before the turn is started.

During the turn you can alter the main heading, the heading change, and the leg distance.

Square turn

Makes the vessel automatically turn 90° after having travelled a defined leg distance.

At any time during the turn you can change the main heading and the distance of the leg until the vessel makes a new 90° turn.

Lazy S-turn

Makes the vessel yaw around the main heading.

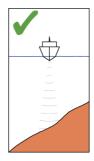
You set the selected heading change before the turn is started.

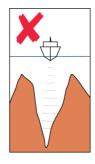
During the turn you can alter the main heading, the heading change and the turn radius from within the turn dialog.

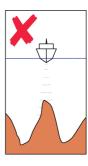
Depth contour tracking, DCTTM

If the system has Echosounder input, the autopilot can be set to follow a depth contour.

▲ Warning: Do not use this feature unless the seabed is suitable. Do not use it in rocky waters where the depth is varying significantly over a small area.

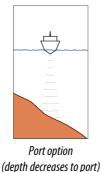


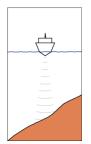




Use the following process to initiate DCT steering:

- 1. Ensure that you have depth reading on the panel or on a separate depth instrument.
- 2. Steer the boat to the depth you want to track, and in the direction of the depth contour.
- **3.** Activate **AUTO** mode, select depth contour steering and monitor the depth reading.
- **4.** Select the port or starboard option in the turn dialog to initiate the depth contour steering to follow the bottom sloping to starboard or to port:





Starboard option (depth decreases to starboard)

The following parameters are available for depth contour tracking:

Depth gain

This parameter determines the ratio between commanded rudder and the deviation from the selected depth contour. The higher depth gain value the more rudder is applied.

If the value is too small, it takes a long time to compensate for drifting off the set depth contour, and the autopilot fails to keep the boat on the selected depth.

If the value is set too high, the overshoot increases and the steering is unstable.

Contour Cross Angle (CCA)

The CCA is an angle that is added to or subtracted from the set course.

With this parameter you can make the boat yaw around the reference depth with lazy-s movements.

The larger the CCA, the bigger yawing is allowed. If you the CCA set to zero there are no lazy-s movements.

Using the GO XSE in an AP24/AP28 system

Command transfer

If your GO XSE is connected to an autopilot system including an AP24 or AP28 control unit, only one control unit can be active at the same time. An inactive control unit is indicated with a square with a cross symbol in autopilot controller pop-up.

You take command from an inactive control unit by selecting the mode in the autopilot pop-up, and then confirming active mode.

Locking remote stations

The AP24/AP28 includes a Remote Lock function that disables autopilot control from other units. A locked control unit is indicated with a key symbol in autopilot controller pop-up.

When the remote lock function is enabled on an AP24/AP28 control unit, only the active control unit stays in command. No transfer of command to GO XSE or other autopilot control units on the system can take place.

You can only unlock the remote stations from the AP24/AP28 unit in command.

Using the autopilot in an EVC system

When the GO XSE is connected to an EVC system via the SG05, you can take manual control of the steering regardless of the autopilot mode.

The mode indicator on the pilot pop-up is replaced by a dash to indicate EVC override.

The system returns to GO XSE control in standby mode if no rudder command is given from the EVC system within a predefined period.

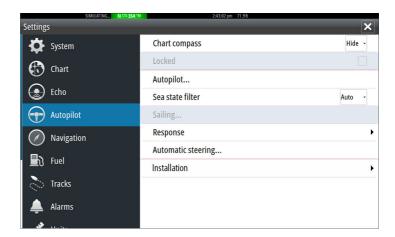








Autopilot settings



Note: Options shown on the Autopilot setting dialog varies depending on which autopilot computer is connected.



Chart compass

You can select to show a compass symbol around your boat on the chart panel. The compass symbol is off when the cursor is active on the panel.

Locking autopilot operation from a unit

You can lock a GO XSE unit to prevent unauthorized operation of the autopilot. When the unit is locked this is indicated with a lock symbol and with text in the pop-up. No automatic modes can be selected from a locked unit.

→ **Note:** The lock function is not available on a unit which has autopilot control!

If the GO XSE is part of an AP24/AP28 system, all other autopilot control units can be locked for autopilot control from the AP24/AP28 control unit.

Sea state filter

→ **Note:** This option is not available for NAC-1 autopilot computers.

The Seastate filter is used to reduce rudder activity and autopilot sensitivity in rough weather. Setting options are:

OFF

Seastate filter is disabled. This is the default setting.

AUTO

Reduces rudder activity and autopilot sensitivity in rough weather by an adaptive process. The AUTO setting is recommended if you want to use the seastate filter.

MANUAL

Linked to the steering response control settings described previously. It may be used to manually find the optimum combination of course keeping and low rudder activity in rough but steady sea conditions.

Sailing parameters

Note: Sailing parameter settings are only available if the boat type is set to Sail in the Autopilot Commissioning dialog and are not available for NAC-1 autopilot computers.

Tack time

When performing a tack in WIND mode, the rate of turn (tack time) can be adjusted. This gives single-handed sailors time to handle the boat and the sails during a tack.

A turn performed without shifting wind side, is also made at a controlled turn rate.

Tack angle

This value is used to preset the course change used when tacking in AUTO mode. By pressing the port and starboard indicators in the autopilot pop-up the course changes as much as this value.

Wind function

With wind function set to AUTO, the autopilot automatically selects between apparent and true wind steering. AUTO is default and recommended for cruising.

When the boat is running, it is also surfing on the waves. This may lead to significant changes in boat speed, and thereby also changes in apparent wind angle. True wind steering is therefore used when

running, while steering to apparent wind is used when beating or reaching.

Apparent wind steering is preferred when you want to achieve maximum boat speed. The autopilot tries to maintain a constant apparent wind angle to get maximum thrust from a given trim of the sails.

When sailing in closed waters, the apparent wind angle may change temporarily due to wind gusts. It may then be preferred to sail to the true wind

VMG optimizing

You can optimize the VMG to wind. When selected, the function is active for 5–10 minutes after a new wind angle has been set and only when beating.

Layline steering

Layline steering is useful when navigating. Cross Track Error (XTE) from the navigator keeps the boat on the track line. If the XTE from the navigator exceeds 0.15 NM, the autopilot calculates the layline and track towards the waypoint.

Response

→ **Note:** Not available for NAC-1 autopilot computers. NAC-1 uses the Steering response settings.

By default the system switches between HI/LO parameter set based on speed (motor boats) or speed and wind (sail boats). You can however manually select which parameter set that shall be used.

HI or LO must be selected if no speed input is available.

You can manually fine tune each of the two (HI/LO) parameter sets. Level 4 is default with parameter values as set by the autotune function. If no autotune is made (not recommended) the level 4 values are the factory default values.

A low response level reduces the rudder activity and provides a more "loose" steering.

A high response level increases the rudder activity and provides a more "tight" steering. A too high response level causes the boat to start lazy-s movements.

Automatic steering

→ **Note:** Not available for NAC-1 autopilot computers.

This option displays an overview of all autopilot steering parameters, and you can adjust parameters if required.

For more details, refer to the separate GO XSE Installation manual.

Installation

→ **Note:** Not available for NAC-1 autopilot computers.

Used for autopilot installation and commissioning. See the separate GO XSE Installation manual.

Commissioning

→ **Note:** Only available for NAC-1 autopilot computers.

Used for commissioning the rudder or virtual rudder feedback.

Steering response

→ **Note:** Only available for NAC-1 autopilot computers.

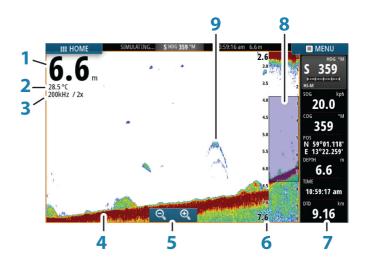
Used to increase or decrease the steering sensitivity. A low response level reduces the rudder activity and provides a more *loose* steering. A high response level increases the rudder activity and provides more *tight* steering. Too high a response level will cause the boat to make "S" movements.

Echosounder



The Echosounder function provides a view of the water and bottom beneath your vessel, allowing you to detect fish and examine the structure of the sea floor.

The Echosounder image



- 1 Depth
- **2** Temperature
- **3** Frequency and Zoom scale
- **4** Bottom
- **5** Zoom buttons
- 6 Depth range scale
- 7 Instrument panel
- **8** Zoom column
- **9** Fish arches

Zooming the image

^{*} Optional Echosounder items.

You can zoom the image by:

• using the zoom (+ or -) buttons

Zoom level is shown on the upper left side of the image.

When zooming in, the sea floor is kept near the bottom of the screen, irrespective of whether it is in auto-range or manual range.

If the range is set considerably less than the actual depth, the unit is not able to find the bottom when zooming.

If the cursor is active, the unit zooms in where the cursor is pointed.

Zoom bar

The zoom bar is displayed when you zoom the image.

Drag the zoom bar vertically to view different parts of the water column

Using the cursor on the image

The cursor can be used to measure a distance to a target, to mark a position, and to select targets.

By default, the cursor is not shown on the image.

When you position the cursor on the image; the screen pauses, the depth at the cursor position is shown, and the information window is activated.

To remove the cursor and cursor elements from the panel, select the **Clear cursor** menu option.

GoTo cursor

You can navigate to a selected position on the image by positioning the cursor on the panel, then using the **Goto Cursor** option in the menu.

The Cursor assist function

The cursor assist function allows for fine tuning and precision placement of the cursor without covering details with your finger.

Press and hold your finger on the screen to switch the cursor symbol to a selection circle, appearing above your finger.

Without removing your finger from the screen, drag the selection circle over the desired item to display item information.

When you remove your finger from the screen the cursor reverts to normal cursor operation.

Measuring distance

The cursor can be used to measure the distance between the position of two observations on the image.

- Position the cursor on the point from where you want to measure the distance
- 2. Start the measuring function from the menu
- 3. Position the cursor on the second measuring point
 - A line is drawn between the measuring points, and the distance is listed in the Cursor Information panel
- 4. Continue selecting new measuring points if required

You can use the menu to re-position the start point and the end point as long as the measuring function is active.

When you select **Finish measuring**, the image resumes to normal scrolling.

Saving waypoints

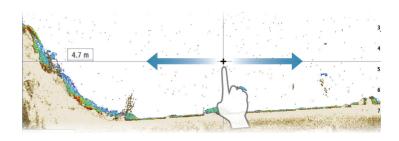
You can save a waypoint at a selected location by positioning the cursor on the panel, and then selecting the new waypoint option in the menu.

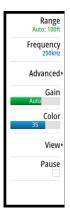


Viewing history

You can view echosounder history by panning the image.

To resume normal scrolling, select the **Clear cursor** menu option.





Setting up the image

Use the Echosounder menu options to set up the image. When the cursor is active, some options on the Echosounder menu are replaced with cursor mode features. Select **Clear cursor** to return to the normal Echosounder menu.

The range

The range setting determines the water depth that is visible on the screen.

Frequency

The unit supports several transducer frequencies. Available frequencies depend on the transducer model that is connected.

You can view two frequencies at the same time by selecting dual Echosounder panels from the **Home** page.

Frequency is the 'tone' the transducer transmits. Transducers are designed to operate on different frequencies as the various frequencies have different qualities.

- A low frequency, for example 50 kHz, will go deep. It generates a wide cone but is somewhat more sensitive to noise. It is good for bottom discrimination and wide area search.
- A high frequency, for example 200 kHz, offers higher discrimination and is less sensitive to noise. It is good for separating targets and for higher speed vessels.

Gain

The gain controls the sensitivity. The more you increase the gain, the more details are shown on the image. However, a higher gain

setting may introduce more background clutter on the image. If the gain is set too low, weak echoes might not be displayed.

Auto gain

The Auto gain option keeps the sensitivity at a level that works well under most conditions. With the gain in auto mode, you can set a positive or negative offset that gets applied to the auto gain.

Color

Strong and weak signals have different colors to indicate the different signal strengths. The colors used depend on which palette you select. The more you increase the Color setting, the more echoes are displayed in the color at the strong return end of the scale.

DownScan options

Provides options for specifying the DownScan image. This menu option is available when Overlay downscan is selected in Echo settings dialog. For more information see "Echosounder settings" on page 100.

Pausing the image

You can pause the image, allowing you to examine it.

This function is useful when you need to position a waypoint exactly on the image, and if you are using the cursor to measure a distance between 2 elements on the image.

The pause function stops the Echosounder from pinging the transducer. The system is not collecting Echosounder data when paused in this manner.



Advanced options

The Advanced option is only available when the cursor is not active.

Noise rejection

Signal interference from bilge pumps, engine vibration and air bubbles can clutter the image.

The noise rejection option filters the signal interference and reduces the on-screen clutter.

TVG

Wave action, boat wakes and temperature inversions can cause onscreen clutter near the surface. The TVG (Time Variable Gain) option reduces surface clutter by decreasing the sensitivity of the receiver near the surface.

→ **Note:** For optimal image return and clarity in most conditions, the default value is set to a low value.

Scroll speed

You can select the scrolling speed of the image on the screen. A high scroll speed updates the image fast, while a low scroll speed presents a longer history.

→ **Note:** In certain conditions it may be necessary to adjust the scroll speed to get a more useful image. Such as adjusting the image to a faster speed when vertically fishing without moving.

Ping speed

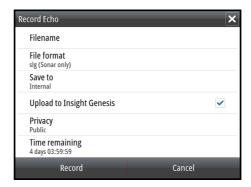
Ping speed controls the rate the transducer transmits the signal into the water. By default, the ping speed is set to max. It may be necessary to adjust the ping speed to limit interference or to adjust for specific fishing conditions.

Start recording log data

You can start recording log data and save the file internally in the unit, or save it onto a card inserted into the unit's card reader.

The record function is activated from the **Advanced** menu option.

When the data is being recorded, there is a flashing red symbol in the top left corner and a message appears periodically at the bottom of the screen.



Filename

Specify the name of the recording (log).

File format

Select a file format from the drop-down, slg (Echosounder only), xtf (DownScan only*), or sl2 (Echosounder and DownScan).

Note: XTF format is for use only with select 3rd party Echosounder viewing tools.

Save to

Select whether the recording is to be saved internally or to a memory card in the card reader.

Bytes per sounding

Select how many bytes per seconds that are to be used when saving the log file. More bytes yield better resolution, but cause the record file to increase in size compared to using lower byte settings.

Create StructureMap

If StructureScan is available on the network, you can convert the .sl2 logs to StructureMap format (.smf) when recording completes. The log file can also be converted to StructureMap format from the Files option.

Upload to Insight Genesis

Files are transmitted to Insight Genesis when recording completes, if you are connected to a wireless hotspot. For information about wireless hotspots, refer to "Wireless connection" on page 118.

Privacy

If allowed by your selected Insight Genesis account, you can choose between setting the recorded log files as Private or Public at Insight Genesis

Time remaining

Shows the remaining allocated space available for recordings.

Stop recording log data

Select **Stop** in the Recording Echo dialog to fully stop the recording of all echosounder data.

→ **Note:** If you have selected the **Upload to Insight Genesis** option and are connected to a wireless hotspot, your recorded files are transmitted to Insight Genesis when you select **Stop**.



Viewing the recorded sounder data

Both internally and externally stored sounder records may be reviewed when the view sonar log option is selected in the Echo settings dialog. Refer to "Echosounder settings" on page 100.

The log file is displayed as a paused image, and you control the scrolling and display from the replay menu option.

You can use the cursor on the replay image, and pan the image as on a normal echo image.

If more than one channel was recorded in the selected echo file, you can select which channel to display.

You exit the replay mode by selecting the **X** symbol in the upper right corner of the replay image.

Echosounder View options

Split screen options

Zoom

The Zoom mode presents a magnified view of the sounder image on the left side of the panel.

By default the zoom level is set to 2x. You can select up to 8x zoom from the drop-down menu, using the +/- keys, or the zoom (+ or -) buttons.

The range zoom bars on the right side of the display shows the range that is magnified. If you increase the zooming factor the range is reduced. You see this as reduced distance between the zoom bars

Bottom lock

The bottom lock mode is useful when you want to view echoes close to the bottom. In this mode the left side of the panel shows an image where the bottom is flattened. The range scale is changed to measure from the seabed (0) and upwards. The bottom and the zero line are always shown on the left image, independent of the range scale. The scaling factor for the image on the left side of the panel is adjusted as described for the Zoom option.

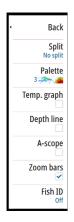
Palettes

You can select between several display palettes optimized for a variety of fishing conditions.

Temperature graph

The temperature graph is used to illustrate changes in water temperature.

When toggled on, a colored line and temperature digits are shown on the Echosounder image.



Depth line

A depth line can be added to the bottom surface to make it easier to distinguish the bottom from fish and structures.

A-Scope

The A-scope is a display of real-time echoes as they appear on the panel. The strength of the actual echo is indicated by both width and color intensity.

Zoom bars

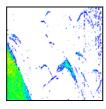
The zoom bars shows the range that is magnified on a split panel with zoom views.

The range zoom bars on the right side of the display shows the range that is magnified and displayed on the left side. If you increase the zooming factor, the range is reduced. You see this as reduced distance between the zoom bars.

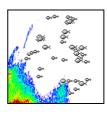
You can move the zoom bars on the right side up or down to cause the left side image to show different depths of the water column.

Fish ID

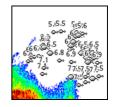
You can select how you want the echoes to appear on the screen. You can also select if you want to be notified by a beep when a fish ID appears on the panel.



Traditional fish echoes



Fish symbols

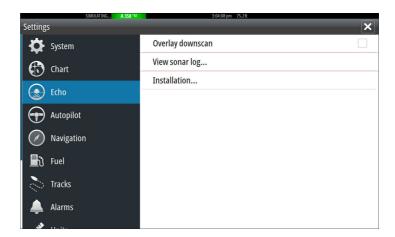


Fish symbols and depth indication

→ **Note:** Not all fish symbols are actual fish.

Echosounder settings





Overlay downscan

When a HDI transducer with DownScan is connected to your system, you can overlay DownScan images on the regular Echosounder image.

When activated, the Echosounder menu expands to include basic DownScan options.

View Echosounder log

Used to view Echosounder recordings. The log file is displayed as a paused image, and you control the scrolling and display from the menu.

You can use the cursor on the image, measure distance, and set view options as on a live Echosounder image. If more than one channel was recorded in the selected Echosounder file, you can select which channel to display.

You exit the view function by selecting the \boldsymbol{X} in the upper right corner.

Search depth

Noise may cause the Echosounder to search for unrealistic depths.

By setting the search depth manually the system displays echoes received from objects within the set depth range.

Installation

Used for installation and setup. See the separate GO XSE Installation manual.

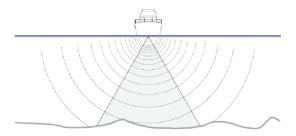
ForwardScan Installation

Used for ForwardScan installation and setup. Refer to the "ForwardScan setup" on page 115.

StructureScan

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StructureScan HD uses high frequencies to provide a high resolution, picture-like image of the seabed.

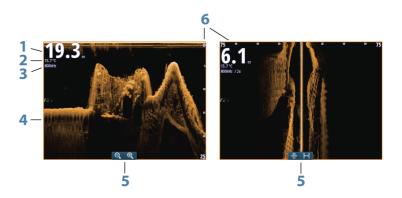


The StructureScan image

The view

The StructureScan panel can be set up as a DownScan image, or showing left/right side scanning.

The DownScan image can also be added as an overlay to the traditional Echosounder image.



- 1 Depth
- **2** Temperature
- **3** Frequency
- **4** Bottom

- **5** Zoom (downscan) / Range (sidescan) icons
- **6** Range scale

Zooming the StructureScan image

You can zoom a StructureScan image by:

- using the panel zoom icons
- by pinching or spreading on the screen

Using the cursor on the StructureScan panel

By default, the cursor is not shown on the StructureScan image.

When you position the cursor on a DownScan image, the screen pauses, the cursor information window and the history bar are activated. On a DownScan image, the depth is shown at cursor position.

When you position the cursor on a SideScan image, the screen pauses, and the cursor information window is activated. On a SideScan image, the left/right distance from the vessel to the cursor are shown at the cursor position.

GoTo cursor

You can navigate to a selected position on the image by positioning the cursor on the panel, then using the **Goto Cursor** option in the menu

The Cursor assist function

The cursor assist function allows for fine tuning and precision placement of the cursor without covering details with your finger.

Press and hold your finger on the screen to switch the cursor symbol to a selection circle, appearing above your finger.

Without removing your finger from the screen, drag the selection circle over the desired item to display item information.

When you remove your finger from the screen the cursor reverts to normal cursor operation.

Measuring distance

The cursor can be used to measure the distance between the position of two observations on the image.

- Position the cursor on the point from where you want to measure the distance
- 2. Start the measuring function from the menu
- 3. Position the cursor on the second measuring point
 - A line is drawn between the measuring points, and the distance is listed in the Cursor Information panel
- 4. Continue selecting new measuring points if required

You can use the menu to re-position the start point and the end point as long as the measuring function is active.

When you select **Finish measuring**, the image resumes to normal scrolling.

Saving waypoints

You can save a waypoint at a selected location by positioning the cursor on the panel, and then selecting the new waypoint option in the menu.

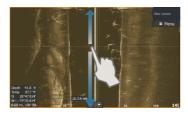


Viewing StructureScan history

Whenever the cursor is active on a StructureScan panel, the scroll bar is shown on the panel. The scroll bar shows the image you are currently viewing in relation to the total StructureScan image history stored. Depending on the view selected, the scroll bar is on the far right side (SideScan) or at the top of the screen (DownScan).

You can pan the image history by dragging up/down (SideScan) or left/right (DownScan).

To resume normal StructureScan scrolling, press **Clear cursor**.







Setting up the StructureScan image

Range

The range setting determines the water depth that is visible on the screen

Auto range

When the range is set to Auto the system automatically sets the range depending on the water depth.

Preset range levels

You can select between several preset range levels.

StructureScan frequencies

StructureScan supports two frequencies. 455 kHz provides ideal range and image quality in most situations, while 800kHz is used to provide higher detail in shallow water.

Contrast

Determines the brightness ratio between light and dark areas of the screen.

To adjust the contrast setting:

- 1. Select the contrast icon or activate the contrast option in the menu to display the color adjustment bar
- Drag the bar up or down to get the desired contrast setting or select Auto contrast
- → **Note:** We recommend that you use **Auto contrast**.

Palettes

You can select between several display palettes optimized for a variety of fishing conditions.





View

You can set up the StructureScan page as a DownScan image, left only, right only, or left/right side scanning.

Select the view menu option and then the view you want displayed.

Pausing the StructureScan image

You can pause the StructureScan image, allowing you to examine the structures and other images in more depth and detail.

This function is useful when you need to position a waypoint exactly on the StructureScan image, and if you are using the cursor to measure a distance between 2 elements on the image.

Advanced StructureScan settings

TVG

Wave action, boat wakes and temperature inversions can cause onscreen clutter near the surface. The TVG (Time Variable Gain) option reduces surface clutter by decreasing the sensitivity of the receiver near the surface.

Note: For optimal image return and clarity in most conditions, the default value is set to a low value

Flipping the Structure image left/right

If required, the left/right SideScanning images can be flipped to match the corresponding side of your vessel if the transducer has been mounted backward

Range Lines

Range lines can be added to the image to make it easier to estimate depth (Downscan) and distance (SideScan).

Recording StructureScan data

You can record StructureScan data and save the file internally in the GO XSE unit, or onto memory card as described in "Start Recording echosounder data" on page 95.

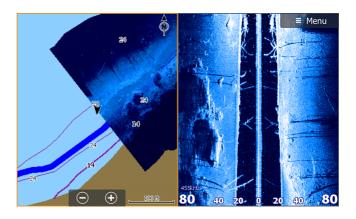
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StructureMap

The StructureMap feature overlays SideScan images from a StructureScan source on the map. This makes it easier to visualize the underwater environment in relation to your position, and aids in interpreting SideScan images.

The StructureMap image

The example below shows a chart panel with Structure overlay, combined with a traditional SideScan panel.



You move around in the chart as usual when you have a Structure overlay:

Activating Structure overlay

- 1. Turn on Structure overlay from the chart menu
 - The chart menu is increased to show Structure options
 - Structure data starts to appear on the chart screen as soon as Structure overlay is enabled
- 2. Select Structure source
 - Live data is default
- → **Note:** Structure overlay can also be activated by selecting a saved StructureMap file in the files browser.

StructureMap sources

Two sources can be used to overlay Structure logs on the charts, but only one can be viewed at a time:

- Live data Used when StructureScan data is available on the system.
- Saved files These are recorded StructureScan (*.sl2) data that are converted to StructureMap (*.smf) format. Saved *.smf files can be used even if no StructureScan sources are connected

Live source

When live data is selected, the SideScan imaging history is displayed as a trail behind the vessel icon. The length of this trail varies depending on available memory in the unit and range settings. As the memory fills up, the oldest data is automatically deleted as new data is added. When increasing the search range, the ping speed of the StructureScan transducer is reduced, but the width and the length of the image history is increased.

Note: Live mode does not save any data. If the unit is turned off, all recent data is lost.

Saved files

When Saved files are selected, the StructureMap file is overlaid on the map based on position information in the file.

If the chart scale is large, the StructureMap area is indicated with a boundary box until the scale is large enough to show Structure details.

Saved mode is used to review and examine StructureMap files, and to position the vessel on specific points of interest on a previous scanned area.

> Note: When saved files are used as the source, all StructureMap files found on the memory card and in the system's internal memory are displayed. If there is more than one StructureMap of the same area, the images overlap and clutter the chart. If several logs of the same area are required, the maps should be put on separate memory cards.

StructureMap tips

- To get a picture of taller structures (a wreck, etc.) do not drive over it, instead, steer the boat so the structure is on the left or right side of your vessel.
- Do not use Autorange when using StructureScan. Set your structure range to a significantly greater level (two-to-three times) than the water depth to ensure a complete scan and to maximize conversion accuracy.
- Do not overlap history trails when conducting a side-by-side scan of an area

Recording StructureScan data

StructureScan data can be recorded from a chart panel with Structure overlay enabled.

StructureScan recordings can also be started from a StructureScan panel.

When StructureScan data is being recorded, there is a flashing red symbol and a message appears periodically at the bottom of the screen.

→ **Note:** The message includes information about file size. Keep the size of your logs to 100MB or less to allow for faster file conversion

The recording is stopped by re-selecting the record function.

Converting StructureScan data to StructureMap format

A StructureScan log file (.sl2) is converted to StructureMap format (.smf) after recording from the recording dialog, or from the files browser.

You can create standard or high resolution files. High resolution .smf files capture more detail, but take longer to convert and are larger than standard resolution files.

To save disc space it is recommended to remove the StructureScan (.sl2) files after conversion.

Using StructureMap with mapping cards

StructureMap allows you to maintain full chart capability and can be used with embedded cartography as well as Navionics, Insight and other third-party charting cards compatible with the system.

When using StructureMap with mapping cards, copy the StructureMap (.smf) files to the unit's internal memory. We recommend keeping copies of StructureMap files on external mapping cards.

Structure options

You adjust the StructureMap settings from the Structure options menu. The menu is available when Structure overlay is enabled.

Not all options are available when saved StructureMap files are used as the source. Unavailable options are greyed.

Range

Sets the search range.

Transparency

Sets the opaqueness of the Structure overlay. With minimum transparency settings, the chart details are almost hidden by the StructureMap overlay.

Palette

Selects Structure palette.

Contrast

Determines the brightness ratio between light and dark areas of the screen.

Water column

Shows/hides the water column in Live mode.

If turned OFF schools of bait fish might not be seen on the SideScan image.

If turned ON the accuracy of the SideScan image on the map might be affected by the water depth.

Frequency

Sets the transducer frequency used by the unit. 800 kHz offers the best resolution, while 455 kHz has greater depth and range coverage.

Noise rejection

Signal interference from bilge pumps, engine vibration and air bubbles can clutter the sonar screen. The noise rejection option filters the signal interference and reduces on-screen clutter.

Clear live history

Clears existing live history data from the screen and begins showing only the most current data.

Record data

Records StructureScan data.

Source

Selects StructureMap source.

ForwardScan

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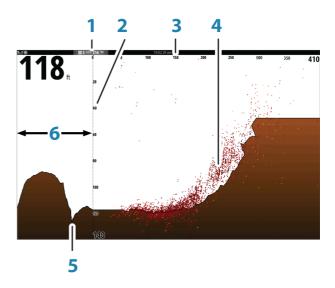
ForwardScan sonar is a navigational aid that helps you monitor the underwater environment in front of your vessel while carrying out slow speed maneuvers.

To use the ForwardScan feature you must have a ForwardScan transducer mounted on your vessel. For installation instructions, refer to the ForwardScan transducer installation manual.

A Warning: Do not rely on this equipment as your principle source of navigation or hazard detection.

A Warning: Do not use this equipment to gauge depth or other conditions for swimming or diving.

The ForwardScan image



- 1 Transducer location shown as the origin on the page
- 2 Depth range scale and vessel position
- **3** Forward range scale

- 4 Point data
- **5** Bottom
- **6** Depth history



Setting up the ForwardScan image

Depth

Controls depth range. Depth range is set to auto mode by default.

Forward range

Controls the forward looking search range. Maximum Forward range is 91 meters (300 feet).

Noise Rejection

Filters out signal interference and reduces on-screen clutter.

Record

Records ForwardScan sonar logs.

Pause

Pauses forward-looking Echosounder transmissions.

ForwardScan view options

Palette

Several display palettes are available for a variety of water conditions.

History ratio

Controls how much Echosounder history is shown behind the boat. The higher the ratio, the more history will be shown.

Point data

By default, ForwardScan only shows the bottom. Select the Point data menu option to specify to view no sonar data points, all sonar data points, or only points (Objects) in the water column.



Show zones

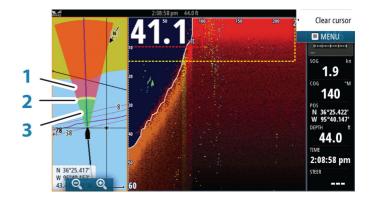
Displays warning zones (yellow) and critical zones (red) on the screen. Refer to "Critical forward range and Critical depth" on page 115.

Depth lines

Displays lines on the screen that make it easier to quickly estimate depth and the underwater objects.

Heading extension

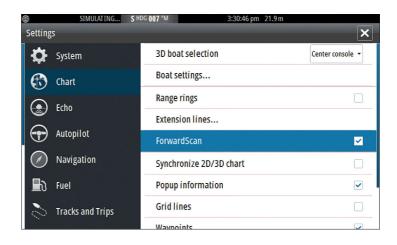
You can use the heading extension to monitor ForwardScan on the chart panel. Heading extension colors are based on the ForwardScan alarm values.



ForwardScan extension

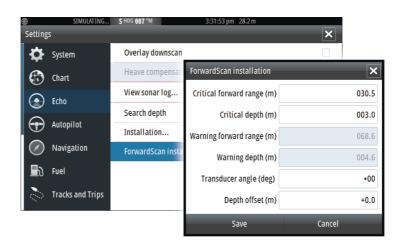
- Red Critical
- 2 Yellow Warning
- 3 Green Safe

Select ForwardScan in the Chart Settings dialog to view the ForwardScan heading extension on the chart panel.



ForwardScan setup

Specify the setup in the ForwardScan installation dialog.

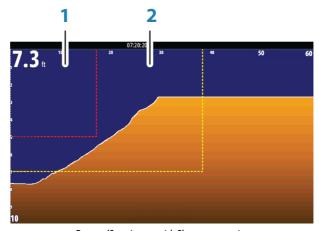


Critical forward range and Critical depth

Critical Forward Range and Critical Depth are user-selected thresholds that define a critical zone forward of your vessel.



If you travel into water shallow enough to cross into the critical zone, the Critical Zone alarm is activated. You can display the critical warning zones by activating the **Show zones** menu option.



ForwardScan image with Show zones active

- 1 Critical zone
- **2** Warning zone

Warning Forward Range and Warning Depth values are based on the selected Critical Forward Range and Critical Depth values.

→ **Note:** To receive Critical Zone alerts, enable ForwardScan alarm in the Alarm settings dialog. For more information about enabling alarms, refer to Alarms.

Transducer angle

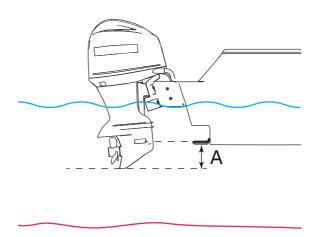
We recommend installing the transducer vertical to the waterline. In cases where that is not possible, the Transducer Angle setting helps offset the difference between the transducer angle and the waterline

The angle can be adjusted from 0 (vertical) to 20 degrees.

▲ Warning: Adjustments to the transducer angle value should be done with caution. Large variations in the transducer angle value can distort depth data, increasing the risk of striking underwater obstructions.

Depth offset

All transducers measure water depth from the transducer to the bottom. As a result, water depth readings do not account for the distance from the transducer to the lowest point of the boat (for example; bottom of the keel, rudder, or propeller) in the water or from the transducer to the water surface.



A Keel offset, for example: - 0.3 m (- 1 ft)

Before setting the keel offset, measure the distance from the transducer to the bottom of the motor - see illustration. If, for example, the distance is 0.3 m (1 ft), it will be input as (minus) - 0.3 m (-1 ft).

Wireless connection

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GoFree wireless connectivity gives you the ability to:

- Use a wireless device to remotely view (smartphone and tablet) and control the system (tablet only).
- Access the GoFree Shop.
- Upload your Echosounder logs to create custom maps at Insight Genesis
- Download software updates
- Connect to third party applications



Note: Maps, charts, software updates, and other data files can be large. Your data provider may charge you based on the amount of data you transfer. If you are unsure contact the service provider for information.

The unit includes Built-in wireless functionality for connecting to the internet and wireless devices such as smartphones and tablets.

Initial configuration and setup of the built-in wireless functionality is described in your system's Installation Manual.

Connect and disconnect from a wireless hotspot



To connect to a wireless hotspot, select the Wireless option in the System Controls dialog and then select Not Connected. This opens the Wireless Devices dialog. Use this dialog to select the desired hotspot, enter the login information and then select Connect. Connecting to a wireless hotspot changes the wireless mode to **Client mode**. In this mode, you can access the GoFree Shop.

To disconnect from a wireless hotspot, select the Wireless option in the System Controls dialog, then select Connected *hotspot_name*, and then Disconnect. This changes the wireless mode to **Access point mode**. In this mode, you can connect a wireless device so that Apps such as GoFree Controller & Viewer can access the vessel's navigation information.



GoFree Shop

The built-in wireless functionality must be connected to an external wireless hotspot in order to access the GoFree Shop.

At the GoFree Shop you can browse, purchase and download compatible content for your system including navigation charts and Insight Genesis Maps. When you log on, the system automatically gives you a notification if a new software version is available for your system. If an update is available, you can download it to a card slot or defer the download until later. If you defer the download until later, the notification is available in the About dialog accessible from the System Settings.



GoFree Controller & Viewer

The wireless functionality lets you use a wireless device to remotely view (smartphone and tablet) and control the system (tablet only). The system is viewed and controlled from the wireless device by the GoFree Controller & Viewer Apps downloaded from their relevant Application store. When remote control is accepted, the active page is mirrored to the wireless device

- → **Note:** To use smartphones and tablets to view and control the system, wireless functionality must be disconnected from the wireless hotspot (in **Access point mode**).
- Note: For safety reasons, Autopilot and CZone functions cannot be controlled from a wireless device.

Uploading log files to Insight Genesis

To upload a recorded Echosounder log file to Insight Genesis, select the file you want to upload from the Files panel and select the upload to Insight Genesis option.

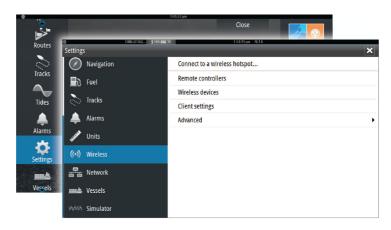
- → **Note:** You must be connected to a wireless hotspot to upload recorded log files to Insight Genesis.
- → **Note:** Recorded log files can also be uploaded to Insight Genesis if you have specified **Upload to Insight Genesis** in the Record Echo dialog. For more information, refer to "Start Recording log data" on page 95.



Wireless settings

Provides configuration and setup options for the wireless functionality.

For more information, refer to the GO XSE Installation Manual.



Connect to a wireless hotspot

Displays the Wireless device dialog that you can use to connect the wireless functionality to a wireless hotspot.

Remote controllers

When a wireless device (smart phone or tablet) is connected, it should appear in the Remote controllers list. Selecting 'Always allow' means the device can automatically connect without needing a password each time. This menu also allows you to disconnect devices that no longer require access.

Wireless devices

Shows the internal wireless module and any connected WIFI-1 devices, as well as their IP and channel number. If a WIFI-1 is connected and the system detects the software is out of date, an option to update is also be displayed. WIFI-1 updates, when required, are included with the display updates.

Select a device to view additional information about it. 'Network Name' and 'Network Key' can be edited for security, and 'Channel' can be changed if the connection to unit is compromised due to interference. 'Mode' can be changed on WIFI-1 devices only. Restore defaults returns the unit to factory settings.

Client settings

Displays information about the wireless hotspot your unit is connected to or the last one your unit was connected to. You can select the hotspot in the dialog to set it as a hotspot you want to always connect to when in range or you can select to delete it.

Advanced

Initiates the Iperf and DHCP Probe tools that help in fault-finding and setting up the wireless network.

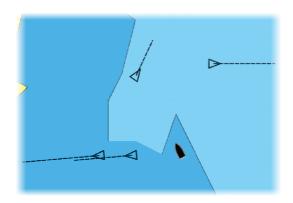
Note: Iperf and DHCP Probe are tools provided for diagnostic purposes by users familiar with network terminology and configuration. Navico is not the original developer of these tools, and does not provide support related to their use.

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AIS

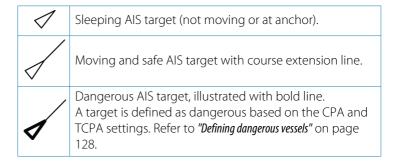
If an NAIS400, an AI50 or an NMEA 2000 VHF that can do AIS (Automatic Identification System) is connected to the network, then any targets detected by these devices can be displayed and tracked. You can also see messages and position for DSC transmitting devices within range.

AIS targets can be displayed as overlay on chart images, making this feature an important tool for safe travelling and collision avoidance. You can set alarms to notify you if an AIS target gets too close or if the target is lost.



AIS target symbols

The system uses the AIS target symbols shown below:



Lost AIS target.



When no signals have been received within a time limit, a target is defined as lost.

The target symbol represents the last valid position of the target before the reception of data was lost.



Selected AIS target, activated by selecting a target symbol.

The target returns to the default target symbol when the cursor is removed from the symbol.

Viewing information about AIS targets

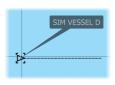
Searching for AIS items

You can search for AIS targets by using the **Find** option in the Tools panel.

From a chart panel you can search for AIS targets by using the **Find** option in the menu. If the cursor is active, the system searches for vessels around the cursor position. Without an active cursor, the system searches for vessels around your vessel's position.

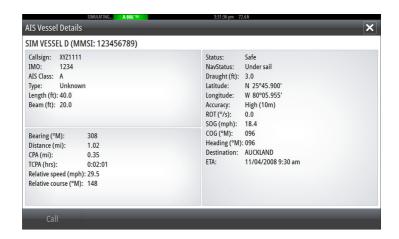


Viewing information about single AIS targets



When you select an AIS icon on the chart panel the symbol changes to Selected target symbol, and the vessel's name is displayed.

You can display detailed information for a target by selecting the AIS pop-up, or from the menu when the target is selected.



Calling an AIS vessel

If the system includes a VHF radio supporting DSC (Digital Select Calling) calls over NMEA 2000, you can initiate a DSC call to other vessels from the GO XSE.

The call option is available in the **AIS Vessel Details** dialog, and in the **Vessel** status dialog activated from the **Tools** panel.

From the **Call** dialog you can change channel or cancel the call. The **Call** dialog is closed when the connection is established.



AIS SART



When an AIS SART (Search and Rescue beacon) is activated, it starts transmitting its position and identification data. This data is received by your AIS device.

If your AIS receiver is not compliant with AIS SART, it interprets the received AIS SART data as a signal from a standard AIS transmitter. An icon is positioned on the chart, but this icon is an AIS vessel icon. If your AIS receiver is compliant with AIS SART, the following takes place when AIS SART data is received:

- An AIS SART icon is located on the chart in the position received from the AIS SART
- · An alarm message is displayed

If you have enabled the siren, the alarm message is followed by an audible alarm.

→ **Note:** The icon is green if the received AIS SART data is a test and not an active message.

AIS SART alarm message

When data is received from an AIS SART, an alarm message is displayed. This message includes the AIS SART's unique MMSI number, and its position, distance, and bearing from your vessel.



You have the following options:

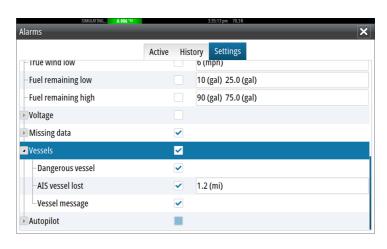
- · Ignore the alarm
 - The alarm is muted and the message closed. The alarm does not reappear
- → **Note:** If you ignore the alarm, the AIS SART icon remains visible on your chart, and the AIS SART remains in the Vessels list.
- Save the waypoint
 - The waypoint is saved to your waypoint list. This waypoint name is prefixed with MOB AIS SART - followed by the unique MMSI number of the SART. For example, MOB AIS SART -12345678.
- Activate the MOB function
 - The display switches to a zoomed chart panel, centered on the AIS SART position
 - The system creates an active route to the AIS SART position

- → **Note:** If the MOB function is already active, this will be terminated and replaced by the new route towards the AIS SART position!
- Note: If the AIS stops receiving the AIS SART message, the AIS SART remains in the Vessels list for 10 minutes after it receives the last signal.

If you select the AIS SART icon on the chart panel, then you can see the AIS MOB details

Vessel alarms

You can define several alarms to alert you if a target shows up within predefined range limits, or if a previously identified target is lost.



Dangerous vessel

Controls whether an alarm will be activated when a vessel comes within the predefined CPA or TCPA. Refer to "Defining dangerous vessels" on page 128.

AIS vessel lost

Sets the range for lost vessels. If a vessel is lost within the set range, an alarm occurs.

Note: The check box controls whether the alarm pop-up box is displayed and if the siren goes on. The CPA and TCPA



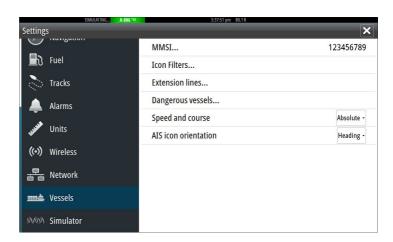
define when a vessel is dangerous regardless of the enabled or disabled state.

Vessel message

Controls whether an alarm will be activated when a message is received from an AIS target.

Vessel settings





Your vessel's MMSI number

You need to have your own MMSI (Maritime Mobile Service Identity) number entered in the system to receive addressed messages from AIS and DSC vessels.

It is also important to have the MMSI number entered to avoid seeing your own vessel as an AIS target on the chart.

Note: The Vessel message option in the alarm settings must be toggled on for any MMSI message to be displayed.

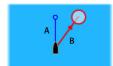
Icon filters

By default, all targets are shown on the panel if an AIS device is connected to the system.

You can select not to show any targets, or to filter the icons based on security settings, distance, and vessel speed.



Extension lines



The length of the extension lines for your vessel and for other vessels can be set by the user.

- A: Heading
- B: Course Over Ground (COG)

The length of the extension lines is either set as a fixed distance, or to indicate the distance the vessel will move in the selected time period. If no options are turned on for **This vessel** then no extension lines are shown for your vessel.



Your own vessel heading information is read from the active heading sensor, and COG information is received from the active GPS.

For other vessels COG data is included in the message received from the AIS system.

Defining dangerous vessels

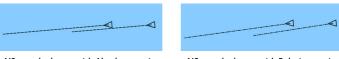
You can define an invisible guard zone around your vessel. When a target comes within this distance, the symbol changes to the "dangerous" target symbol. An alarm is triggered if activated in the Alarm settings panel.



Speed and course indication

The extension line can be used to indicate speed and course for targets, either as absolute (true) motion in the chart or relative to your vessel.

A different line style is used on the extension lines to indicate motion, as shown below.



AIS vessels shown with Absolute motion

AIS vessels shown with Relative motion

AIS icon orientation

Sets the orientation of the AIS icon, either based on heading or COG information.

Instrument panels

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The Instruments panels consist of multiple gauges - analog, digital and bar - that can be customized to display selected data. The Instruments panel displays data on dashboards, and you can define up to ten dashboards within the Instruments panel.

→ **Note:** To include fuel/engine information, engine and tank information has to be configured from the Settings panel.

Dashboards

A set of dashboard styles are predefined to display vessel, navigation, and angler information.

You switch between the panel's dashboards by selecting the left and right arrow buttons on the panel. You can also select the dashboard from the menu.







Vessel dashboard

Navigation dashboard

Angler dashboard

→ **Note:** Additional dashboards can be activated from the menu if other systems (e.g. CZone) are present on the network.

Customizing the Instruments panel

You can customize the Instruments panel by changing the data for each of the gauges in the dashboard, by changing the dashboard layout, and by adding new dashboards. You can also set limits for analog gauges.

All edit options are available from the Instruments panel menu.

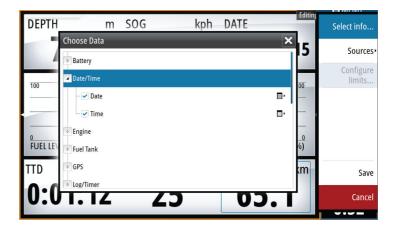
Available editing options depend on which data sources are connected to your system.



Edit a dashboard

Activate the dashboard you want to edit, then:

- 1. Activate the menu
- 2. Select the edit option
- **3.** Select the gauge you want to change. Selected gauge is indicated with a colored background
- **4.** Select information to be displayed, configure limits, and eventually change the source for the information
- 5. Save your changes by selecting the save option in the menu



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Audio

If a SonicHub server or a FUSION marine entertainment system is connected to the NMEA 2000 network, you can use the GO XSE to control and customize the audio system on your vessel.

When connected to a WM-3 Satellite module with an active subscription, you can include SiriusXM products on your system. You can also connect a SiriusXM radio to a FUSION system. Sirius audio and weather service covers inland U.S. waters and coastal areas into the Atlantic and Pacific oceans, Gulf of Mexico, and the Caribbean Sea. The SiriusXM products received vary depending on your selected subscription package. For more information refer to www.siriusXM.com

Before you can start using your audio equipment, it must be installed according to the GO XSE Installation manual and to the documentation included with the audio device

Enabling audio

A compatible audio device connected to the NMEA 2000 network should automatically be identified by the system. If not, enable the feature from the **Advanced Settings** dialog.





SonicHub 2 supported

A SonicHub 2 connected to the NMEA 2000 network is supported.

SonicHub 2 Device Information

Open the Network Settings dialog and select the SonicHub 2 device in the Device list. This opens the SonicHub 2 Device Information dialog.



Configure

Select to configure the device.

Upgrade

Updates the device software.

→ **Note:** A USB memory stick with the software upgrade must be plugged into the device. Periodic software updates may be available from the product website. Detailed instructions for how to install the software are included with the upgrade files.

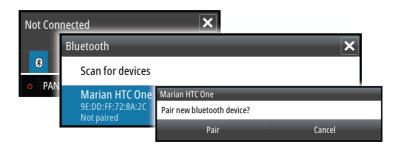
Factory Reset

Resets the device to factory defaults.

SonicHub 2 is Bluetooth enabled

The SonicHub 2 is a Bluetooth enabled device. You can use the SonicHub 2's built-in Bluetooth wireless to connect it to Bluetooth enabled audio devices.

To pair the SonicHub 2 to a Bluetooth enabled device select the Bluetooth devices icon in the **Controls** menu. Choose the Bluetooth device you want to pair to from the list of available devices and then select Pair.



The SonicHub 2 connects to the paired device.

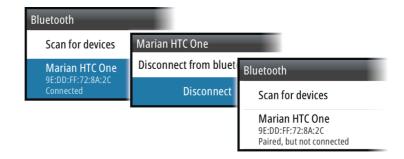


Connecting and disconnecting paired devices

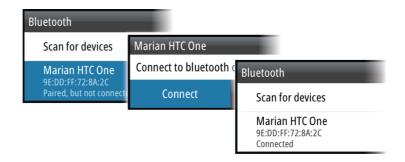
The SonicHub 2 automatically connects to a device when you pair them. You can pair it to several devices but only one device can be connected at a time.

You can manually disconnect and connect the SonicHub 2 to paired devices.

To disconnect a paired device, select the paired device in the device list and then select **Disconnect**.



To connect to a paired device, select the paired device in the device list and then select **Connect**.



Pandora

The SonicHub 2 supports streaming music from Pandora from an Android device (over Bluetooth) or IOS device (over USB and Bluetooth).

→ **Note:** You must be in a valid location to use Pandora. Refer to the Pandora website for more information.

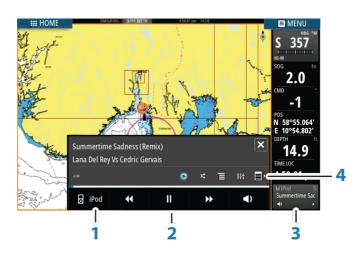
Use menu controls to run Pandora on the smart device.



The Audio panel

You activate the audio panel by activating the audio tile in the Instrument bar.

The control buttons, tools and options vary from one audio source to another as described later in this chapter.



- **1** Audio source
- **2** Audio control buttons
- **3** Audio tile
- 4 Audio tools

Audio control buttons

lcon	Tuner	VHF	DVD	Playback
□ iPod	Select to dis	play the list of	available sour	ces
~	Select to select previous/ next frequency Press and hold to tune in a channel		Select to rewind/play fast forward	Select to select previous/ next track

lcon	Tuner	VHF	DVD	Playback
▲	Select to sele previous favo	ect next/ orite channel	N/A	N/A
>	N/A	N/A	Select to star	t
П	N/A N/A Select to pause playb		ıse playback	
∢)	Select to display the volume slider			

Audio tools

Icon	Tuner	VHF	Playback
.all	Signal strength	N/A	N/A
C	N/A	N/A	Select to toggle on/off repeat function. The icon is colored when the function is active.
×	N/A	N/A	Select to toggle on/off shuffle mode. The icon is colored when the function is active.
ŤŧŤ	Select to display menus used for setting up zones and master control		

Icon	Tuner	VHF	Playback
E	Select to display the favorite stations for the tuner	Select to display the favorite channels for the VHF	Select to display the native menu for active source
	Select to display optional settings for active source		

Setting up the audio system

The speakers

Speaker zones

The GO XSE can be set up to control different audio zones. The number of zones depends on the audio server connected to your system.

You can adjust balance, volume and volume limit settings individually for each zone. Adjustments to the bass and tremble settings will alter all zones.

Master volume control

By default the volume for all speaker zones are adjusted when you adjust the volume. You can define which zones will be altered when you increase/decrease the volume.

Selecting tuner region

Before playing FM or AM radio, and using a VHF radio, you must select the appropriate region for your location.

Detaching Sirius from the AUX source

If a Sirius radio is connected to the FUSION radio/server, the AUX source is automatically attached to the Sirius feed. **Sirius** then appears in the source list when the FUSION server is active.

To use the AUX source for a different device, the Sirius must be detached from the AUX source.

→ **Note:** To use SiriusXM, an optional SiriusXM tuner must be connected to the FUSION server.

Operating the audio system

- 1. Select the Audio tile in the Instrument bar to activate the Audio overlay
- 2. Select the options icon and then select the audio server
- 3. Select the source icon and then select the audio source
 - Number of sources depends on the active audio server
- 4. Use the panel buttons to control your audio system

For an overview of audio control buttons and tools, refer to "Audio control buttons" on page 136 and "Audio Tools" on page 137.

For available options, refer to the documentation following your audio equipment.

Favorite channels

When a tuner or VHF channel is tuned in, you can add the channel to your favorite list. The favorite channels can be viewed, selected and deleted from within the Favorite list.

You page through favorite channels by using the up/down audio panel buttons.

Sirius radio (North America only)

Channels list

The channels list displays all available Sirius channels, whether or not you have a subscription for the channel.

Favorites list

You can create a list of your favorite Sirius channels from within the channels list. You cannot add unsubscribed channels.

Locking channels

You can lock selected Sirius channels from being broadcasted. A 4-digit-code must be entered to lock channels and the same code entered to unlock the channels.

Time plots

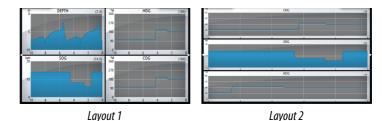
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The GO XSE can present data history in different plots. The plots can be displayed in full page, or combined with other panels.

The Time plot panel

The Time plot panel consists of two predefined layouts. You switch between the layouts by selecting the left and right panel arrows. You can also select the layout from the menu.

You can select which data to present on a time plot panel, and you can define the time range for each plot.



Missing data

If the data is unavailable, the relevant plot turns into a dashed line and flattens out at the point the data was lost. When the data becomes available again, a dashed line joins up the two points showing an average trend line bridging the missing data.

Selecting data

Each data field can be changed to show the preferred data type and the time range.

- 1. Select the edit option from the menu
- 2. Activate the field you want to edit
- 3. Change the information type and eventually the range
- **4.** Save your changes

The data available for the Time plots are by default the sources used by the system. If more than one data source is available for a data type you can select to show alternative data source in the Time plot. You change the data type by using the data source option in the menu.

Alarms

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Alarm system

The system continuously checks for dangerous situations and system faults while the system is running. When an alarm situation occurs, an alarm message pops up on the screen.

If you have enabled the siren, the alarm message is followed by an audible alarm, and the switch for external alarm becomes active.

The alarm is recorded in the alarm listing so that you can see the details and take the appropriate corrective action.

Type of messages

The messages are classified according to how the reported situation affects your vessel. The following color codes are used:

Color	Importance
Red	Critical
Orange	Important
Yellow	Standard
Blue	Warning
Green	Light warning

Single alarms



A single alarm is displayed with the name of the alarm as the title, and with details for the alarm.

Multiple alarms



If more than one alarm is activated simultaneously, then the alarm message displays a list of up to 3 alarms. The alarms are listed in the order they occur with the alarm activated first at the top. The remaining alarms are available in the Alarms dialog.

Acknowledging a message

The following options are available in the alarm dialog for acknowledging a message:

Close

Sets the alarm state to acknowledged, meaning that you are aware of the alarm condition. The siren / buzzer stops and the alarm dialog is removed.

However, the alarm remains active in the alarm listing until the reason for the alarm has been removed.

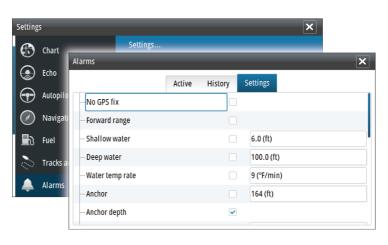
Disable

Disables the current alarm setting. The alarm does not show again unless you turn it back on in the Alarms dialog.

There is no time-out on the alarm message or siren. They remain until you acknowledge the alarm or until the reason for the alarm is removed.

Alarms dialog

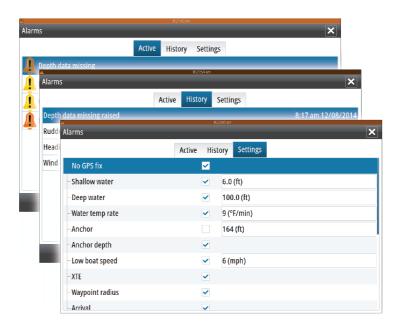
All alarms are setup in the Alarms Settings dialog.



The alarm dialogs can also be activated from the Tools panel. The alarm dialogs include information about active alarms and alarm history.







Tools

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By default, the Tools panel includes icons used for accessing options and tools that are not specific to any panel.

When external equipment is integrated to the unit, new icons might be added to the Tools panel. These icons are used for accessing the external equipment's features.

Waypoints/routes/tracks

List of waypoints, routes, and tracks with details.

Select the waypoint, route, or track you wish to edit or delete.

Tides

Displays tide information for the tide station nearest to your vessel.

Select the arrow panel buttons to change the date, or select the date field to access the calendar function.

Available tide stations can be selected from the menu.

Alarms

Active alarms

List of active alarms.

Alarm history

List of all alarms with time stamp.

Alarm settings

List of all available alarm options in the system, with current settings.

Settings

Provides access to application and system settings.

Vessels

Status listing

List of all AIS and DSC vessels with available information.



Message listing

List of all messages received from other AIS vessels with time stamp.

Sun, Moon

Displays sunrise, sunset, moonrise and moonset for a position based on entered date and the position's latitude/longitude.

TripIntel

Provides trip management functionality and trip information. For more information, refer to "TripIntel" on page 65.

Files

File management system for Files, Waypoints, Routes, Tracks, and Settings.

Viewing files

Select a file in the Files panel and then the view file option in the **Details** dialog.

Copying files to a card in the card reader

You can copy screen captures and logs to a card in the card reader. You can also export System Settings, Waypoints, Routes, and Tracks to a card. Exporting files is covered in the section "Maintenance" on page 149.

Find

Search function for chart items (waypoints, routes, tracks, etc.).

GoFree Shop

→ **Note:** The built-in wireless functionality must be connected to an external wireless hotspot in order to access the GoFree Shop. Refer to "Connect and disconnect from a wireless hotspot" on page 118.

Opens the GoFree Shop web site. At the GoFree Shop you can browse, purchase, and download compatible charts for your system. You can also upload your Echosounder logs to be shared on Social Map charts. When you log on, the system automatically gives you a

notification if a new software version is available for your system. If an update is available, you can download it to a card slot or defer the download until later.

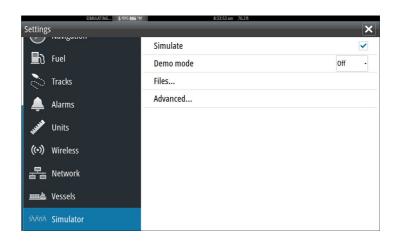
Simulator

20

The simulation feature lets you see how the unit works in a stationary position and without being connected to the Echosounder, GPS, etc.

Use the simulator to become familiar with your unit before using it on the water.





The status bar indicates if the simulator is toggled on.

Demo mode

In this mode the unit automatically runs through the main features of the product; it changes pages automatically, adjusts settings, opens menus, etc.

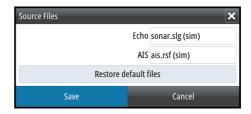
If you tap on the touchscreen when demo mode is running, the demonstration pauses. After a time-out period, demo mode resumes and any changed settings are restored to default.

Note: Demo mode is designed for retail/showroom demonstrations.

Simulator source files

You can select which data files are used by the simulator. A set of source files is included in your system, and you can import files by

using a card inserted into the card reader. You can also use your own recorded log data files in the simulator.



Advanced simulator settings

The Advanced simulator settings allows for manually controlling the simulator.



Maintenance



Preventive maintenance

The unit does not contain any field serviceable components. Therefore, the operator is required to perform only a very limited amount of preventative maintenance.

It is recommended that you always fit the supplied protective cover when the unit is not in use.

Cleaning the display unit

A proper cleaning cloth should be used to clean the screen, where possible. Use plenty of water to dissolve and take away salt remains. Crystalized salt may scratch the coating if using a damp cloth. Apply minimal pressure to the screen.

Where marks on the screen cannot be removed by the cloth alone, use a 50/50 mixture of warm water and isopropyl alcohol to clean the screen. Avoid any contact with solvents (acetone, mineral turpentine, etc.), or ammonia based cleaning products, as they may damage the anti-glare layer or plastic bezel.

To prevent UV damage to the plastic bezel, it is recommended that the sun cover be fitted when the unit is not in use for an extended period.

Cleaning the media port door

Clean the media port door regularly to avoid salt crystallization on the surface, causing water to leak into the card slot.

Checking the connectors

The connectors should be checked by visual inspection only.

Push the connector plugs into the connector. If the connector plugs are equipped with a lock, ensure that it is in the correct position.

Software upgrades

The latest software is available for download from our website, simrad-yachting.com.

Detailed instructions for how to install the software are included in the upgrade files.

Service assistant

The system has a built-in network analyzer that creates a report of the devices installed on the NMEA 2000 network. It can also create a service report about your system and network devices such as the software versions, serial numbers, and information from the settings file

To use the analyzer, open the About page of the System settings dialog and select Support. Two options are displayed:

Create report

Prompts you for information for support and creates the report with information automatically gathered from the network. You can add screenshots and log files to the report. The maximum report size is 20 MBs. You can save the report to a memory card and email it to support.

Check system for updates

Checks if updates are available for compatible devices on your network.

Note: To ensure the internal list of software versions is up to date, your system must be connected to the internet.

Backing up your system data

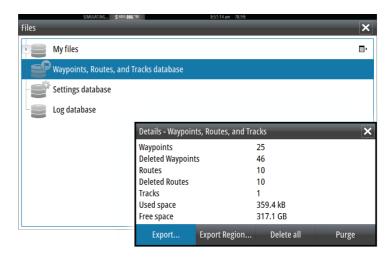
Waypoints, Routes, and Tracks that you create are filed in your system. It is recommended to regularly copy these files and your system settings files as part of your back-up routine. The files can be copied to a card inserted in the card reader.

There are no export file format options for the system settings file. The following output formats are available for exporting Waypoints, Routes, and Tracks files:



Export all Waypoints, Routes and Tracks

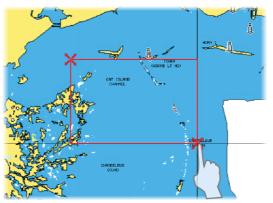
Use the export option if you want to backup all Waypoints, Routes, Tracks and Trips on your system.



Export region

The export region option allows you to select the area from where you want to export data.

- 1. Select Export region
- 2. Drag the boundary box to define the desired region



- 3. Select the export option from the menu
- 4. Select the appropriate file format

5. Select Export to start the export

Purging Waypoints, Routes and Tracks

Deleted Waypoints, Routes and Tracks are stored in the display unit's memory until the data is purged. If you have numerous deleted, unpurged Waypoints, purging may improve the performance of your system.

→ **Note:** When user data is purged from the memory, it cannot be recovered.

Touchscreen operation



Basic touchscreen operation on the different panels is shown in the table below.

The panel sections in this manual have more information about panel specific touchscreen operation.

lcon	Description
X _{x1}	 Tap to: Activate a panel on a multi-panel page Position the cursor on a panel Select a menu and a dialog item Toggle a checkbox option on or off Show basic information for a selected item
₹ 3s	 Press and hold: On any panel with a cursor to activate the cursor assist feature On a panel button to see available split screen options On a favorite button to enter edit mode
	Scroll through a list of available options without activating any option.
	Flick to quickly scroll through e.g. the waypoint list. Tap the screen to stop the scrolling.
	Pan to position a chart or Echosounder image on the panel.

lcon	Description
N	Pinch to zoom out on the chart or on an image.
Th	Spread to zoom in on the chart or on an image.

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